Technical Information Levelflex FMP51, FMP52, FMP54

Guided Level Radar



Level and interface measurement

Application

Products

- Rod, rope or coax probe
- Process connection: Starting 3/4" thread, flange or process connections for hygiene requirements (Tri-Clamp, 11851)
- Temperature: −196 to +450 °C (−320 to +842 °F)
- Pressure: -1 to +400 bar (-14.5 to +5800 psi)
- Maximum measuring range: Rod 10 m (33 ft); rope 45 m (148 ft); coax 6 m (20 ft)
- Accuracy: ±2 mm (±0.08 in)
- International explosion protection certificates; WHG; ship building approval; steam boiler approval; EN10204-3.1
- Linearity protocol (3-point, 5-point)

Your benefits

- Reliable measurement even for changing product and process conditions
- HistoROM data management for easy commissioning, maintenance and diagnostics
- Highest reliability due to Multi-Echo Tracking
- Hardware and software developed according to IEC 61508 (up to SIL3)
- Seamless integration into control or asset management systems
- Intuitive user interface in national languages
- Easy proof test for SIL and WHG

Table of contents

| Important document information Symbols | | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) | 76 |
|--|-----|--|------------|
| -, | | Process | 77 |
| Function and system design | 6 | Process temperature range | |
| Measuring principle | | Process pressure range | |
| Measuring system | | Dielectric constant (DC) | |
| wieasuing system | 10 | Expansion of the rope probes through temperature | |
| Input | | | |
| Measured variable | | Mechanical construction | |
| Measuring range | 12 | Dimensions | |
| Blocking distance | 14 | Tolerance of probe length | |
| Measuring frequency spectrum | 14 | Surface roughness of AlloyC-coated flanges | |
| | | Shortening probes | |
| Output | 15 | Weight | |
| Output signal | 15 | Materials: GT18 housing | |
| Signal on alarm | | Materials: GT19 housing | |
| Linearization | 16 | Materials: GT20 housing | |
| Galvanic isolation | 16 | Materials: Probe | |
| Protocol-specific data | 17 | Materials: Mounting bracket | |
| | | Materials: Adapter and cable for remote display | |
| Power supply | 22 | Materials: Weather protection cover | |
| Terminal assignment | | waterials. Weather protection cover | , , , , |
| Device plug connectors | | | |
| Power supply | | Operability | |
| Power consumption | | Operating concept | |
| Current consumption | | Local operation | . 99 |
| Power supply failure | 34 | Operation with remote display and operating module | 100 |
| Potential equalization | 34 | FHX50 | |
| Terminals | 34 | 1 | 100 |
| Cable entries | 34 | Integration in tank gauging system | |
| Cable specification | 35 | System integration via Fieldgate | 105 |
| Overvoltage protection | 36 | | |
| | | | 106 |
| Performance characteristics | 37 | CE mark | |
| Reference operating conditions | - 1 | C-Tick symbol | |
| Maximum measured error | | * * | 106 |
| Resolution | - 1 | 3 | 106 |
| Reaction time | | | |
| | 40 | Overfill prevention | |
| Influence of gas layer | - 1 | Sanitary compatibility | |
| Gas phase compensation with external pressure sensor | | AD2000 | |
| (PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus) | 41 | | 107 107 |
| Gas phase compensation with reference signal (option for | | Pressure Equipment Directive | 107 |
| FMP54) | 42 | Marine certificate | 107 |
| | | Telecommunications | 107 |
| Mounting | 44 | CRN-Zulassung | 107 |
| Mounting requirements | | Track record | 108 |
| triouniang requirements. | | | 109 |
| Operating conditions: Environment | 69 | | |
| Ambient temperature range | 69 | 3 | 110 |
| Ambient temperature limits | 69 | 3 | 110 |
| Storage temperature | 76 | 3-point linearity protocol (in preparation) | 111 |
| Climate class | 76 | 5-point linearity protocol | 112 |
| Altitude according to IEC61010-1 Ed.3 | 76 | Customized parametrization | 114 |
| Degree of protection | 76 | | |
| Vibration resistance | | | |
| Cleaning the probe | 76 | | |
| | | | |

| Accessories | 115 123 124 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Documentation | 125 |
| Registered trademarks | 126 |
| Patents | 131 |

Important document information

Symbols Safety symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|-----------------------|---|
| DANGER A0011189-EN | DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury. |
| WARNING A0011190-EN | WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. |
| A0011191-EN | CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury. |
| NOTICE A0011192-EN | NOTICE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury. |

Electrical symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|--------------|---|
| A0011197 | Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows. |
| A0011198 | Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows. |
| A0017381 | Direct current and alternating current ■ A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied. ■ A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows. |
| A0011200 | Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system. |
| A0011199 | Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections. |
| A0011201 | Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice. |

Symbols for certain types of information

| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------|--|
| A0011182 | Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed. |
| A0011183 | Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred. |
| A0011184 | Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden. |
| A0011193 | Tip Indicates additional information. |
| A0011194 | Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation. |

| Symbol | Meaning |
|--------|--|
| A0011 | Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number. |
| A0011 | Reference to graphic Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number. |

Symbols in graphics

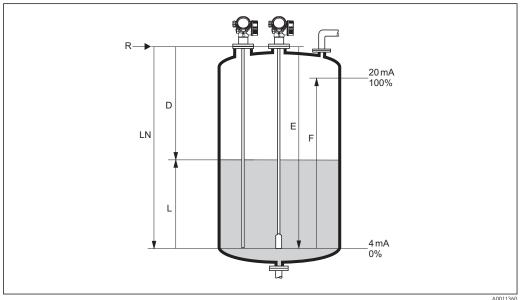
| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------------|--|
| 1, 2, 3 | Item numbers |
| 1. , 2. , 3 | Series of steps |
| A, B, C, | Views |
| A-A, B-B, C-C, | Sections |
| A0011187 | Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area. |
| A0011188 | Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous location. |

Function and system design

Measuring principle

Basic principles

The Levelflex is a "downward-looking" measuring system that functions according to the ToF method (ToF = Time of Flight). The distance from the reference point to the product surface is measured. High-frequency pulses are injected to a probe and led along the probe. The pulses are reflected by the product surface, received by the electronic evaluation unit and converted into level information. This method is also known as TDR (Time Domain Reflectometry).



A001

- $\blacksquare 1$ Parameters for level measurement with the guided radar
- LN Probe length
- D Distace
- L Level
- R Reference point of measurement
- *E* Empty calibration (= zero)
- *F* Full calibration (= span)
- If, for rope probes, the DC value is less than 7, then measurement is not possible in the area of the straining weight (0 to 250 mm from end of probe; lower blocking distance).

Dielectric constant

The dielectric constant (DC) of the medium has a direct impact on the degree of reflection of the highfrequency pulses. In the case of large DC values, such as for water or ammonia, there is strong pulse reflection while, with low DC values, such as for hydrocarbons, weak pulse reflection is experienced.

Input

The reflected pulses are transmitted from the probe to the electronics. There, a microprocessor analyzes the signals and identifies the level echo which was generated by the reflection of the high-frequency pulses at the product surface. This clear signal detection system benefits from over 30 years' experience with pulse time-of-flight procedures that have been integrated into the development of the PulseMaster® software.

The distance D to the product surface is proportional to the time of flight t of the impulse:

$$D = c \cdot t/2$$
.

where c is the speed of light.

Based on the known empty distance E, the level L is calculated:

$$L = E - D$$

The reference point R of the measurement is located at the process connection. For details see the dimensional drawing:

- FMP51: (→ 🖺 81)
- FMP52: (→ 🖺 84)
- FMP54: (→ 🖺 85)

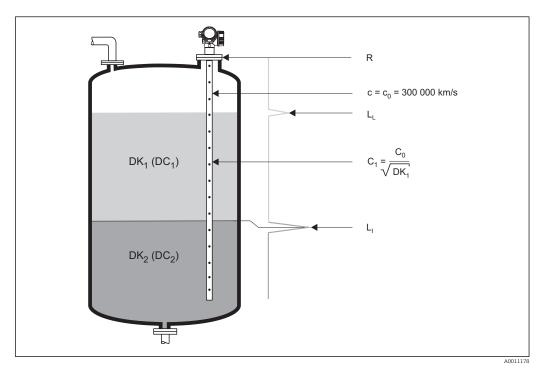
The Levelflex possesses functions for interference echo suppression that can be activated by the user. They guarantee that interference echoes from e.g. internals and struts are not interpreted as level echoes.

Output

The Levelflex is preset at the factory to the probe length ordered so that in most cases only the application parameters that automatically adapt the device to the measuring conditions need to be entered. For models with a current output, the factory adjustment for zero point E and span F is 4 mA and 20 mA, for digital outputs and the display module 0 % and 100 %. A linearization function with max. 32 points, which is based on a table entered manually or semi-automatically, can be activated on site or via remote operation. This function allows the level to be converted into units of volume or mass, for example.

Interface measurement

When the high-frequency pulses hit the surface of the medium, only a percentage of the transmission pulse is reflected. In the case of media with a low DC_1 , in particular, the other part penetrates the medium. The pulse is reflected once more at the interface point to a second medium with a higher DC_2 . The distance to the interface layer now can also be determined taking into account the delayed time-of-flight of the pulse through the upper medium.



■ 2 Interface measurement with the guided radar

LL Level complete

LI Level interface

R Reference point of measurement

In addition, the following general conditions must be observed for interface measurement:

- The DC of the upper medium must be known and constant. The DC can be determined with the aid of the DC manual CP00019F. In addition, if the interface thickness is existing and known, the DC can be calculated automatically via FieldCare.
- The DC of the upper medium may not be greater than 10.
- The DC difference between the upper medium and lower medium must be >10.
- The upper medium must have a minimum thickness of 80 mm.

8

Life cycle of the product

Engineering

- Universal measuring principle
- Measurement unaffected by medium properties
- Hardware and software developed according to SIL IEC 61508
- Genuine, direct interface measurement

Procurement

- Endress+Hauser being the world market leader in level measurement quarantees asset protection
- Worldwide support and service

Installation

- Special tools are not required
- Reverse polarity protection
- Modern, detachable terminals
- Main electronics protected by a separate connection compartment

Commissioning

- Fast, menu-quided commissioning in only 6 steps
- Plain text display in national languages reduces the risk of error or confusion
- Direct local access of all parameters
- Short instruction manual at the device

Operation

- Multi-echo tracking: Reliable measurement through self-learning echo-search algorithms taking into account the short-term and long-term history in order to check the found echoes for plausibility and to suppress interference echoes.
- Diagnostics in accordance with NAMUR NE107

Maintenance

- HistoROM: Data backup for instrument settings and measured values
- Exact instrument and process diagnosis to assist fast decisions with clear details concerning remedies
- Intuitive, menu-guided operating concept in national languages saves costs for training, maintenance and operation
- Cover of the electronics compartment can be opened in hazardous areas

Retirement

- Order code translation for subsequent models
- RoHS-conforming (Restriction of certain Hazardous Substances), unleaded soldering of electronic components
- Environmentally sound recycling concept

Measuring system

General notes on probe selection

- Normally use rod or coax probes for liquids. Rope probes are used in liquids for measuring ranges > 10 m (33 ft) (> 4 m (13 ft) for FMP52) and with restricted ceiling clearance which does not allow the installation of rigid probes.
- For interface measurement, ideally coax probes or rod probes in a bypass/stilling well are used.
- Coax probes are suited to liquids with viscosities of up to approx. 500 cst. Coax probes can measure most liquefied gases, as of a dielectric constant of 1.4. Moreover, installation conditions, such as nozzles, tank internal fittings etc., have no effect on the measurement when a coax probe is used. A coax probe offers maximum EMC safety when used in plastic tanks.

Probe selection

The various types of probe in combination with the process connections are suitable for the following applications $^{1)}$:

| Levelflex FMP51 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Type of probe | Rod probe | | | Rope probe | Coax probe 1) | | |
| | A0011387 | | A0011388 | | A0011359 | | |
| Feature 060 - Probe: | Opti | on: | Option: | | Option: | | |
| | AA | 8 mm (316L) | LA | 4 mm (316) | UA | mm (316L) | |
| | AB | 1/3" (316L) | LB | 1/6" (316) | UB | inch (316L) | |
| | AC | 12 mm (316L) | МВ | 4 mm (316) with center rod | UC | mm (AlloyC) | |
| | AD | 1/2" (316L) | MD | 1/6" (316) with center rod | UD | inch (AlloyC) | |
| | AL | 12 mm (AlloyC) | | | | | |
| | AM | 1/2" (AlloyC) | | | | | |
| | BA 16 mm (316L) BC divisible | | | | | | |
| | BB BD | , , | | | | | |
| Max. probe length | | 10 m (33 ft) ²⁾ | 45 m (148 ft) | | 6 m (20 ft) | | |
| For application | level and interface measurement in liquids | | level and interface measurement in liquids | | level and interface measurement in liquids | | |

- 1) Multiple punched for process connections G1-1/2" or flange
- 2) Maximum probe length for indivisible rod probes: 4 m (13 ft)

10

¹⁾ If required, rod and rope probes can be replaced. They are secured with Nord-Lock washers or a thread coating. For further information on service and spare parts please contact the Endress+Hauser service.

| Levelflex FMP52 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Type of probe | Rod probe | | | Rope probe | | | | |
| | | A0011357 | | | | | | |
| Feature 060 - Probe: | Opti | on: | Option: | | | | | |
| | CA | 16 mm (PFA>316L) | OA | 4 mm (PFA>316), max. 150 mm nozzle height, center rod | | | | |
| | СВ | 0.63 in (PFA>316L) | ОВ | 4 mm (PFA>316), max. 300 mm nozzle height, center rod | | | | |
| | | | ОС | 1/6" (PFA>316), max. 6 in nozzle height, center rod | | | | |
| | | | OD | 1/6" (PFA>316), max. 12 in nozzle height, center rod | | | | |
| Max. probe length | | 4 m (13 ft) | 45 m (148 ft) | | | | | |
| For application | 1 | level and interface asurement in corrosive liquids | level and interface measurement in corrosive liquids | | | | | |

| | Levelflex FMP54 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|----------------|---|------------|---|-------------|--|--|--|
| Type of probe | Rod probe | | | Rope probe | | Coax probe | | | |
| | A0011357 | | | A0011358 | A0011359 | | | | |
| Feature 060 - Probe: | Opti | on: | Opti | on: | Opti | on: | | | |
| | AE BA BC | 16 mm (316L) | LA | 4 mm (316) | UA | mm (316L) | | | |
| | AF BB BD | 0.63 in (318L) | LB | 1/6" (316) | UB | inch (316L) | | | |
| Max. probe length | 10 m (33 ft) ¹⁾ | | 45 m (148 ft) | | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| For application | level and interface measurement in liquids | | level and interface measurement in liquids | | level and interface measurement in liquids | | | | |

1) Maximum probe length for indivisible rod probes: 4 m (13 ft)

Input

Measured variable

The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface.

Subject to the empty distance entered "E" the level is calculated.

Alternatively, the level can be converted into other variables (volume, mass) by means of linearization (32 points).

Measuring range

The following table describes the media groups and the possible measuring range as a function of the media group.

| | Levelflex FMP51, FMP54 | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Measuring range ¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| Media group | DC (ε _r) | Typical liquids | | bare metallic rod probes | bare metallic rope probes | coax probes | | | | |
| 1 | 1.41.6 | condensed gases, e.g. N ₂ , CO ₂ | | on re | quest | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| 2 | 1.61.9 | liquefied gas, e.g. propanesolventFreonpalm oil | - | one-piece: 4 m (13 ft) divisible: 10 m (33 ft) | 15 to 22 m (49 to 72 ft) | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| 3 | 1.92.5 | mineral oils, fuels | - | one-piece: 4 m (13 ft) divisible: 10 m (33 ft) | 22 to 32 m (72 to 105 ft) | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| 4 | 2.54 | benzene, styrene, toluenefurannaphthalene | • | one-piece: 4 m (13 ft) divisible: 10 m (33 ft) | 32 to 42 m (105 to 138 ft) | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| 5 | 47 | chlorobenzene, chloroformcellulose sprayisocyanate, aniline | • | one-piece: 4 m (13 ft) divisible: 10 m (33 ft) | 42 to 45 m (138 to 148 ft) | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |
| 6 | > 7 | aqueous solutionsalcoholsammonia | • | one-piece: 4 m (13 ft) divisible: 10 m (33 ft) | 45 m (148 ft) | 6 m (20 ft) | | | | |

1) The measuring range for interface measurement is limited to 10 m (33 ft).

| Levelflex FMP52 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Measuring range 1) | | | | |
| Media group | DC ($\epsilon_{ m r}$) | Typical liquids | PFA-coated rod probes | PFA-coated rope probes | | | |
| 1 | 1.41.6 | condensed gases, e.g. N ₂ , CO ₂ | - | _ | | | |
| 2 | 1.61.9 | liquefied gas, e.g. propanesolventFreonpalm oil | 4 m (13 ft) | 9 to 14 m (30 to 46 ft) | | | |
| 3 | 1.92.5 | mineral oils, fuels | 4 m (13 ft) | 14 to 21 m (46 to 69 ft) | | | |
| 4 | 2.54 | benzene, styrene, toluenefurannaphthalene | 4 m (13 ft) | 21 to 28 m (69 to 92 ft) | | | |
| 5 | 47 | chlorobenzene, chloroformcellulose sprayisocyanate, aniline | 4 m (13 ft) | 28 to 32 m (92 to 105 ft) | | | |
| 6 | > 7 | aqueous solutionsalcoholsacids, alkalis | 4 m (13 ft) | 32 to 45 m (105 to 148 ft) | | | |

¹⁾ The measuring range for interface measurement is limited to 10 m (33 ft).

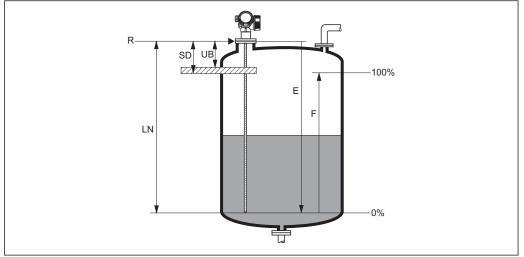


- Reduction of the max. possible measuring range through buildup, above all of moist products.
 Due to the high diffusion rate of ammonia it is recommended with gas-tight bushing ²⁾ for measurements in this medium.

always contained in FMP54 ; optionally available for FMP51/52 $\,$ 2)

Blocking distance

The upper blocking distance (= UB) is the minimum distance from the reference point of the measurement (mounting flange) to the maximum level.



A001127

- 3 Definition of blocking distance and safety distance
- R Reference point of measurement
- LN Probe length
- UB Upper blocking distance
- *E* Empty calibration (= zero)
- *F* Full calibration (= span)
- SD Safety distance

Blocking distance (factory setting):

- with coax probes: 0 mm (0 in)
- with rod and rope probes up to 8 m (26 ft): 200 mm (8 in)
- with rod and rope probes exceeding a length of 8 m (26 ft): 0.025 * (length of probe)
- The specified blocking distances are preset on delivery. Depending on the application these settings can be changed.

For rod and rope probes and for media with DC > 7 (or generally for stilling well/bypass applications) the blocking distance may be reduced to 100 mm (4").

Within the blocking distance, a reliable measurement can not be guaranteed.

A safety distance SD can be defined in addition to the blocking distance. A warning is generated if the level rises into this safety distance.

Measuring frequency spectrum

100 MHz to 1.5 GHz

Output

Output signal

HART

| Signal coding | FSK ±0.5 mA over currency signal | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Data transmission rate | 1200 Baud | | |
| Galvanic isolation | Yes | | |

PROFIBUS PA

| Signal coding | Manchester Bus Powered (MBP) | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Data transmission rate | 31,25 KBit/s, voltage mode | |
| Galvanic isolation | Yes | |

FOUNDATION Fieldbus

| Signal coding | Manchester Bus Powered (MBP) | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Data transmission rate | 31,25 KBit/s, voltage mode | |
| Galvanic isolation | Yes | |

Switch output



For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.

| Switch output | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Function | Open collector switching output | | | |
| Switching behavior | Binary (conductive or non-conductive), switches when the programmable switch point is reached | | | |
| Failure mode | non-conductive | | | |
| Eectrical connection values | U = 10.4 to 35 V _{DC} , I = 0 to 40 mA | | | |
| Internal resistance | $R_{\rm I}$ < 880 Ω The voltage drop at this internal resistance has to be taken into account on planning the configuration. For example, the resulting voltage at a connected relay must be sufficient to switch the relay. | | | |
| Insulation voltage | floating, Insulation voltage 1350 V_{DC} to power supply aund 500 V_{AC} to ground | | | |
| Switch point | freely programmable, separately for switch-on and switch-off point | | | |
| Switching delay | freely programmable from 0 to 100 sec. , separately for switch-on and switch-off point $% \left(100000000000000000000000000000000000$ | | | |
| Number of switching cycles | corresponds to the measuring cycle | | | |
| Signal source device variables | Level linearized Distance Terminal voltage Electronic temperature Relative echo amplitude Interface linearized 1) Interface distance 1) Upper interface thickness 1) Relative interface amplitude 1) Diagnostic values, Advanced diagnostics | | | |
| Number of switching cycles | unlimited | | | |

1) only if an interface measurement is active

Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

- Current output (for HART devices)
 - Failsafe mode selectable (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 43):

Minimum alarm: 3.6 mA

Maximum alarm (= factory setting): 22 mA

- Failsafe mode with user-selectable value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA
- Local display
 - Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107)
 - Plain text display
- Operating tool via digital communication (HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus) or service interface (CDI)
 - Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107)
 - Plain text display

Linearization

The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length or volume. Linearization tables for calculating the volume in cylindrical tanks are preprogrammed. Other tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically.

Galvanic isolation

All circuits for the outputs are galvanically isolated from each other.

Protocol-specific data

HART

| | / |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Manufacturer ID | 17 (0x11) |
| Device type ID | 0x34 |
| HART specification | 6.0 |
| Device description files (DTM, DD) | Information and files under: www.endress.com www.hartcomm.org |
| HART load | Min. 250 Ω |
| HART device variables | The measured values can be freely assigned to the device variables. |
| | Measured values for PV (primary variable) Level linearized Distance Interface ¹⁾ Interface distance ¹⁾ Upper interface thickness ¹⁾ Electronic temperature Relative echo amplitude Relative interface amplitude ¹⁾ |
| | Measured values for SV, TV, FV (second, third and fourth variable) Level linearized Distance Interface linearized 1) Interface distance 1) Upper interface thickness 1) Terminal voltage Electronic temperature Absolute echo amplitude Relative echo amplitude Absolute interface amplitude 1) Relative interface amplitude 1) Calculated DC |
| Supported functions | Burst modeAdditional transmitter status |

1) only if an interface measurement is active

Wireless HART data

| Minimum start-up voltage | 11.4 V |
|---------------------------|--------|
| Start-up current | 3.6 mA |
| Start-up time | 15 s |
| Minimum operating voltage | 11.4 V |
| Multidrop current | 3.6 mA |
| Set-up time | 1 s |

PROFIBUS PA

| Manufacturer ID | 17 (0x11) | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Ident number | 0x1558 | |
| Profile version | 3.02 | |
| GSD file | Information and files under: | |
| GSD file version | www.endress.comwww.profibus.org | |
| Output values | Analog Input: Level linearized Distance Interface 1) Interface distance 1) Upper interface thickness 1) Terminal voltage Electronic temperature Absolute echo amplitude Relative echo amplitude Relative interface amplitude 1) Relative interface amplitude 1) Calculated DC Digital Input: | |
| | Extended diagnostic blocksStatus output PFS Block | |
| Input values | Analog Output: Analog value from PLC (for sensor block external pressure and temperature) Analog value from PLC to be indicated on the display | |
| | Digital Output: Extended diagnostic block Level limiter Sensor block measurement on Sensor block save history on Status output | |
| Supported functions | Identification & Maintenance Simple device identification via control system and nameplate Automatic Ident Number Adoption GSD compatibility mode with respect to the previous device Levelflex M FMP4x Physical Layer Diagnostics Installation check of the PROFIBUS segment and the Levfelflex FMP4x via terminal voltage and telegram monitoring PROFIBUS Up-/Download Up to 10 times faster reading and writing of parameters via PROFIBUS Up-Download Condensed Status Simple and self-explanatory diagnostic information due to categorization of diagnostic messages | |

1) only if an interface measurement is active

FOUNDATION Fieldbus

| Manufacturer ID | 452B48 hex | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Device type | 1022 hex | | |
| Device Revision | 02 hex | | |
| DD Revision | Information and files can be found: | | |
| CFF Revision | www.endress.comwww.fieldbus.org | | |
| Device Tester Version (ITK Version) | 6.01 | | |
| ITK Test Campaign Number | IT080500 | | |
| Link Master (LAS) capable | yes | | |
| Link Master / Basic Device selectable | yes; default: Basic Device | | |
| Node address | Default: 247 (0xF7) | | |
| Features supported | Following methods are supported: Restart ENP Restart Setup Linearization Self Check | | |
| Virtual Communication Relation | onships (VCRs) | | |
| Number of VCRs | 44 | | |
| Number of Link Objects in VFD | 50 | | |
| Permanent entries | 1 | | |
| Client VCRs | 0 | | |
| Server VCRs | 10 | | |
| Source VCRs | 43 | | |
| Sink VCRs | 0 | | |
| Subscriber VCRs | 43 | | |
| Publisher VCRs | 43 | | |
| Device Link Capabilities | | | |
| Slot time | 4 | | |
| Min. inter PDU delay | 8 | | |
| Max. response delay | 5 | | |

Transducer Blocks

| Block | Content | Output values |
|--|---|---|
| Setup Transducer Block | Contains all parameters for a standard commissioning procedure | Level or volume ¹⁾ (Channel 1) Distance (Channel 2) |
| Advanced Setup Transducer Block | Contains all parameters for a more detailed configuration of the device | no output values |
| Display Transducer Block | Contains all parameters for the configuration of the display module | no output values |
| Diagnostic Transducer Block | Contains diagnostic information | no output values |
| Expert Configuration Transducer Block | Contains parameters which require detailed knowledge of the functionalities of the device | no output values |
| Expert Information Transducer Block | Contains information about the state of the device | no output values |
| Service Sensor Transducer Block | Contains parameters which can only be operated by Endress+Hauser service personnel | no output values |
| Service Information Transducer Block | Contains information on the state of device which is relevant for service operations | no output values |
| Data Transfer Transducer Block | Contains parameters which allow to backup the device configuration in the display module and to restore it into the device. | no output values |

1) depending on the configuration of the block

Function Blocks

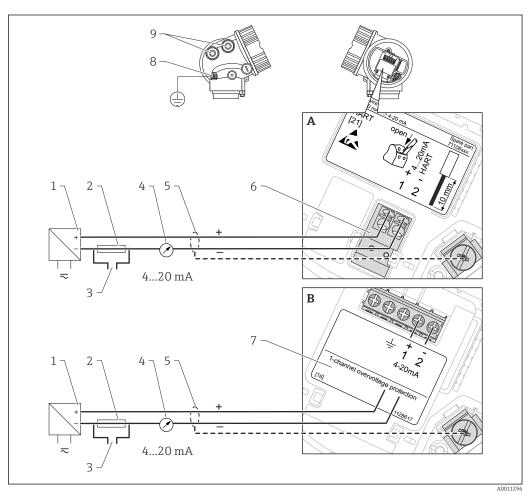
| Block | Content | Number of permanent blocks | Number of instantiable blocks | Execution time | Functionality |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Resource Block | The Resource Block contains all the data that uniquely identify the field device. It is an electronic version of a nameplate of the device. | 1 | 0 | - | enhanced |
| Analog Input Block | The AI block takes the manufacturer's input data, selected by channel number, and makes it available to other function blocks at its output. | 2 | 3 | 25 ms | enhanced |
| Discrete Input Block | The DI block takes a discrete input value (e.g. indication of an level limit), and makes it available to other function blocks at its output. | 1 | 2 | 20 ms | standard |
| PID Block | The PID block serves as proportional-integral-derivative controller and is used almost universally to do closed-loop-control in the field including cascade and feedforward. | 1 | 1 | 25 ms | standard |
| Arithmetic Block | This block is designed to permit simple use of popular measurement math functions. The user does not have to know how to write equations. The math algorithm is selected by name, chosen by the user for the function to be done. | 1 | 1 | 25 ms | standard |
| Signal Characterizer Block | The signal characterizer block has two sections, each with an output that is a non-linear function of the respective input. The non-linear function is determined by a single look-up table with 21 arbitrary x-y pairs. | 1 | 1 | 25 ms | standard |
| Input Selector Block | The input selector block provides selection of up to four inputs and generates an output based on the configured action. This block normally receives its inputs from AI blocks. The block performs maximum, minimum, middle, average and 'first good' signal selection. | | 1 | 25 ms | standard |
| Integrator Block | The Integrator Function Block integrates a variable as a function of the time or accumulates the counts from a Pulse Input block. The block may be used as a totalizer that counts up until reset or as a batch totalizer that has a setpoint, where the integrated or accumulated value is compared to pre-trip and trip settings, generating discrete signals when these settings are reached. | 1 | 1 | 25 ms | standard |
| Analog Alarm Block | | 1 | 1 | 25 ms | standard |

Up to 20 blocks can be instantiated in the device altogether, including the blocks already instantiated on delivery.

Power supply

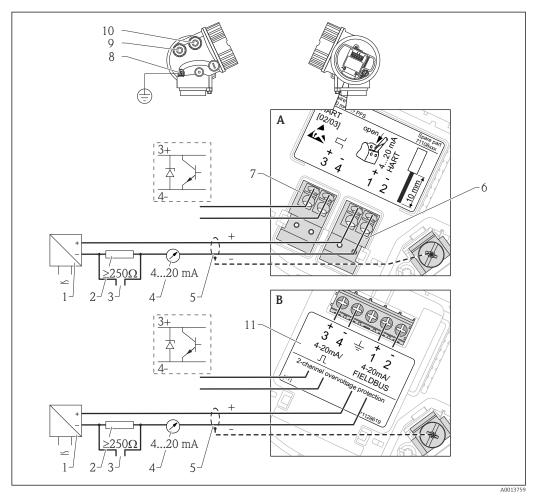
Terminal assignment

2-wire: 4-20mA HART



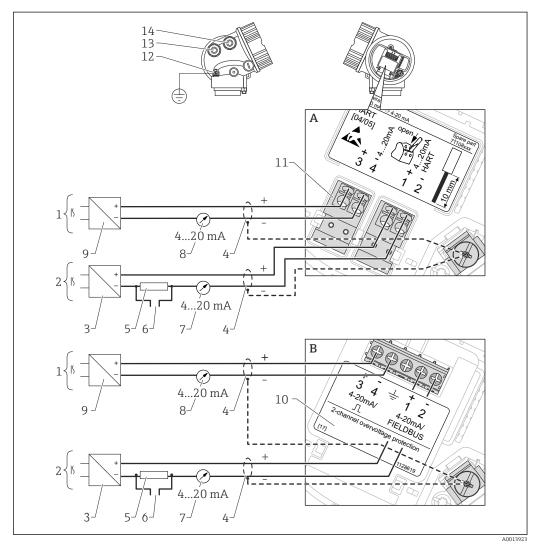
- 4 Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART
- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- B With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage
- 2 HART communication resistor (\geq 250 Ω): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 4-20mA HART (passive): Terminals 1 and 2
- 7 Overvoltage protection module
- 8 Terminal for potential equalization line
- 9 Cable entry

2-wire: 4-20mA HART, switch output



- 5 Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output
- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- B With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage
- 2 HART communication resistor (\geq 250 Ω): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 4-20mA HART (passive): Terminals 1 and 2
- 7 Switch output (open collector): Terminals 3 and 4
- 8 Terminal for potential equalization line
- 9 Cable entry for 4-20mA HART line
- 10 Cable entry for switch output line
- 11 Overvoltage protection module

2-wire: 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA

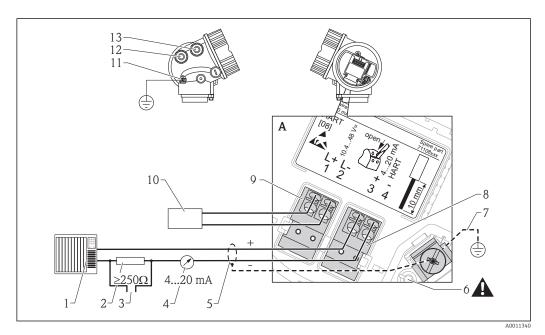


■ 6 Terminal assignment 2-wire, 4-20 mA HART, 4...20mA

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- B With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection current output 2
- 2 Connection current output 1
- 3 Supply voltage for current output 1 (e.g. RN221N); Observe terminal voltage
- 4 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 5 HART communication resistor (\geq 250 Ω): Observe maximum load
- 6 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 7 Analog display device ; observe maximum load
- 8 Analog display device; observe maximum load
- Supply voltage for current output 2 (e.g. RN221N); Obesrve terminal voltage
- 10 Overvoltage protection module
- 11 Current output 2: Terminals 3 and 4
- 12 Terminal for the potential equalization line
- 13 Cable entry for current output 1
- 14 Cable entry for current output 2

This version is also suited for single-channel operation. In this case, current output 1 (terminals 1 and 2) must be used.

4-wire: 4-20mA HART (10.4 to 48 VDC)



■ 7 Terminal assignment 4-wire; 4-20mA HART (10.4 to 48 VDC)

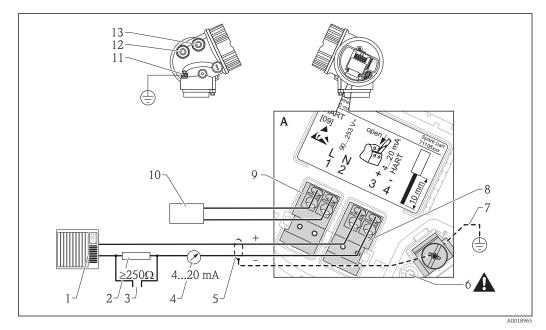
- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- 2 HART communication resistor (≥250 Ω): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification
- 8 4...20mA HART (active): Terminals 3 and 4
- 9 Supply voltage: Terminals 1 and 2
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

A CAUTION

To ensure electrical safety:

- ▶ Do not disconnect the protective connection (6).
- ▶ Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (7).
- Connect protective earth to the internal ground terminal (7) before connecting the supply voltage. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the external ground terminal (11).
- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).

4-wire: 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 V_{AC})



■ 8 Terminal assignment 4-wire; 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 VAC)

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- 2 HART communication resistor (\geq 250 Ω): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification
- 8 4...20mA HART (active): Terminals 3 and 4
- 9 Supply voltage: Terminals 1 and 2
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

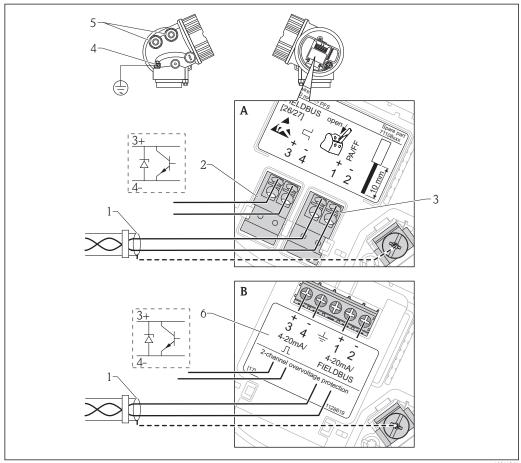
▲ CAUTION

To ensure electrical safety:

- ▶ Do not disconnect the protective connection (6).
- Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (7).
- Connect protective earth to the internal ground terminal (7) before connecting the supply voltage. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the external ground terminal (11).
- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).

26

PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus



A0011341

₽ 9 Terminal assignment PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus

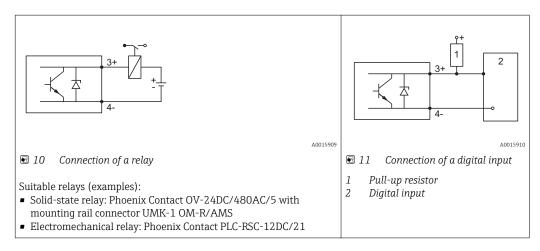
- Α Without integrated overvoltage protection
- В With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1
- Cable screen: Observe cable specifications Switch output (open collector): Terminals 3 and 4 2
- 3 4 PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus: Terminals 1 and 2 $\,$
- Terminal for potential equalization line
- Cable entries
- Overvoltage protection module

Connection examples for the switch output

i

For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

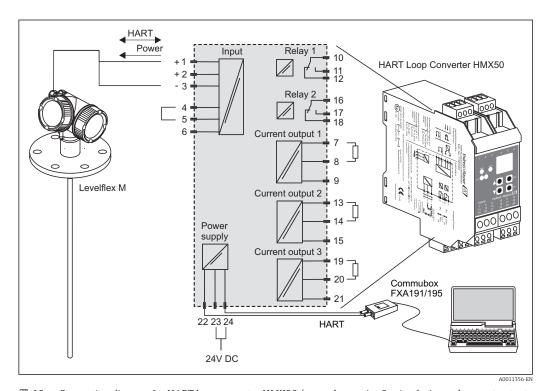
Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.



For optimum interference immunity we recommend to connect an external resistor (internal resistance of the relay or Pull-up resistor) of $< 1000 \Omega$.

HART loop converter HMX50

The dynamic variables of the HART protocol can be converted into individual 4 to 20 mA sections using the HART loop converter HMX50. The variables are assigned to the current output and the measuring ranges of the individual parameters are defined in the HMX50.



■ 12 Connection diagram for HART loop converter HMX50 (example: passive 2-wire device and current outputs connected as power source)

The HART loop converter HMX50 can be acquired using the order number 71063562.

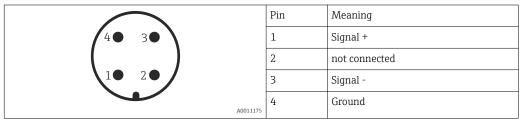
Additional documentation: TI00429F and BA00371F.

Device plug connectors

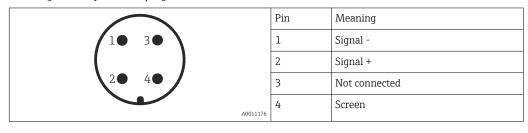


For the versions with fieldbus plug connector (M12 or 7/8"), the signal line can be connected without opening the housing.

Pin assignment of the M12 plug connector



Pin assignment of the 7/8" plug connector



Power supply

An external power supply is required.

Various supply units can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 124)

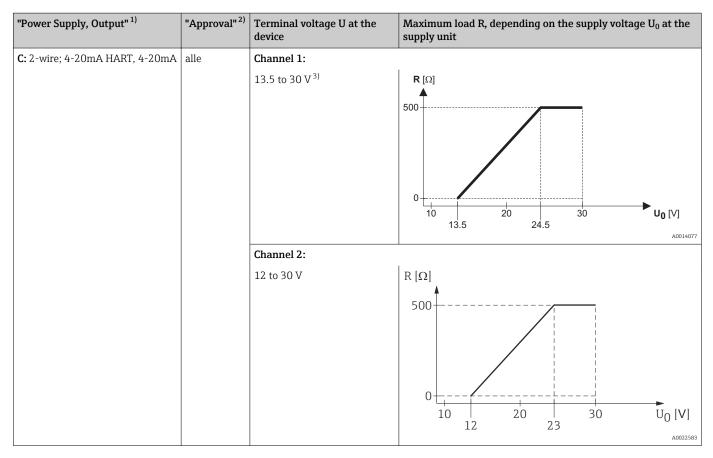
2-wire, 4-20mA HART, passive

| "Power Supply, Output" ¹⁾ | "Approval" 2) | Terminal voltage U at the device | Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage \mathbf{U}_0 at the supply unit |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---|
| A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART | Non-ExEx nACSA GP | 11.5 to 35 V ³⁾ | R [Ω] |
| | Ex ic | 11.5 to 32 V ³⁾ | |
| | Ex ia / IS | 11.5 to 30 V ³⁾ | 0 10 20 30 35 u ₀ [V] |
| | ■ Ex d / XP ■ Ex ic(ia) ■ Ex tD / DIP | 13.5 to 30 V ⁴⁾ | R [Ω] 500 10 20 30 13.5 24.5 |

- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 010 of the product structure
- 3) For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -30$ °C (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 14 V is required for the sartup of the device at the MIN error current (3,6 mA). The startup current can be parametrized. If the device is operated with a fixed current $I \ge 4,5$ mA (HART multidrop mode), a voltage of $U \ge 11,5$ V is sufficient throughout the entire range of ambient temperatures.
- For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -20$ °C (-4 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

| "Power Supply, Output" 1) | "Approval" 2) | Terminal voltage U at the device | Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage \mathbf{U}_0 at the supply unit |
|---|--|----------------------------------|---|
| B: 2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, switch output | Non-Ex Ex nA Ex nA(ia) Ex ic Ex ic(ia) Ex d(ia) / XP Ex ta / DIP CSA GP | 12 to 35 V ³⁾ | R [Ω] 500 |
| | Ex ia / IS Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP | 12 to 30 V ³⁾ | 10 20 30 35 U ₀ [V] |

- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 010 of the product structure
- For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -30$ °C (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 14 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).



- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 010 of the product structure
- For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -30 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

| Polarity reversal protection | Yes |
|---|-------------------------|
| Admissible residual ripple at f = 0 to 100 Hz | $U_{SS} < 1 \text{ V}$ |
| Admissible residual ripple at f = 100 to 10000 Hz | U _{SS} < 10 mV |

4-wire, 4-20mA HART, active

| "Power supply; Output" 1) | Terminal voltage | Maximum load R _{max} |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART | 90 to 253 V_{AC} (50 to 60 Hz), overvoltage category II | 500 Ω |
| L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART | 10.4 to 48 V _{DC} | |

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus

| "Power supply; Output" 1) | "Approval" ²⁾ | Terminal voltage |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| E: 2-wire; FOUNDATION Fieldbus, switch output G: 2-wire; PROFIBUS PA, switch output | Non-Ex Ex nA Ex nA(ia) Ex ic Ex ic(ia) Ex d(ia) / XP Ex ta / DIP CSA GP | 9 to 32 V ³⁾ |
| | Ex ia / ISEx ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP | 9 to 30 V |

- Feature 020 of the product structure Feature 010 of the product structure Input voltages up to 35 V will not spoil the device. 2)

| Polarity sensitive | No |
|---|-----|
| FISCO/FNICO compliant according to IEC 60079-27 | Yes |

Power consumption

| "Power supply; Output" 1) | Power consumption |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART | < 0.9 W |
| B: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output | < 0.9 W |
| C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA | < 2 x 0.7 W |
| K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART | 6 VA |
| L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART | 1.3 W |

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

Current consumption

HART

| | $3.6\ to\ 22\ mA,$ the start-up current for multidrop mode can be parametrized (is set to $3.6\ mA$ on delivery) |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Breakdown signal (NAMUR NE43) | adjustable: 3.59 to 22.5 mA |

PROFIBUS PA

| Nominal current | 14 mA |
|--|-------|
| Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic) | 0 mA |

FOUNDATION Fieldbus

| Device basic current | 15 mA |
|--|-------|
| Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic) | 0 mA |

FISCO

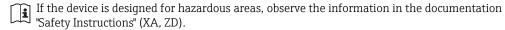
| U _i | 17.5 V |
|----------------|--------|
| I _i | 550 mA |
| P _i | 5.5 W |
| C _i | 5 nF |
| Li | 10 μΗ |

Power supply failure

- Configuration is retained in the HistoROM (EEPROM).
- Error messages (incl. value of operated hours counter) are stored.

Potential equalization

No special measures for potential equalization are required.



Terminals

Without integrated overvoltage protection

Plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)

 \blacksquare With integrated overvoltage protection

Screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG)

Cable entries

Connection of power supply and signal line

To be selected in feature 050 "Electrical connection"

- Gland M20; Material dependent on the approval:
- For Non-Ex, ATEX, IECEx, NEPSI Ex ia/ic:
 - Plastics M20x1.5 for cable ϕ 5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.39 in)
 - For Dust-Ex, FM IS, CSA IS, CSA GP, Ex nA: Metal M20x1.5 for cable ϕ 7 to 10 mm (0.28 to 0.39 in) ³⁾
 - For Ex d:
 - No gland available
- Thread
 - ½" NPT
 - G ½"
 - M20 × 1.5
- Plug M12 / Plug 7/8"

Only available for Non-Ex, Ex ic, Ex ia

Connection of remote display FHX50

Dependent on feature 030: "Display, Operation":

- "Prepared for display FHX50 + M12 connection": M12 socket
- "Prepared for display FHX50 + custom connection": Thread M16

³⁾ The material of the gland is dependent on the housing type; GT18 (stainless steel housing): 316L (1.4404); GT19 (plastic housing) and GT20 (aluminum housing): nickel-coated brass (CuZn).

Cable specification

- Minimum cross-section: dependent on terminals (→ 🖺 34)
- For ambient temperature $T_{IJ} \ge 60$ °C (140 °F): use cable for temperature $T_{IJ} + 20$ K.

HART

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended if using the HART protocol. Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- For 4-wire devices: Standard device cable is sufficient for the power line.

PROFIBUS

Use a twisted, screened two-wire cable, preferably cable type A.



For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00034S "Guidelines for planning and commissioning PROFIBUS DP/PA", PNO Guideline 2.092 "PROFIBUS PA User and Installation Guideline" and IEC61158-2 (MBP).

FOUNDATION Fieldbus

Endress+Hauser recommends using twisted, shielded two-wire cables.



For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00013S "FOUNDATION Fieldbus Overview", FOUNDATION Fieldbus Guideline and IEC 61158-2 (MBP).

Overvoltage protection

If the measuring device is used for level measurement in flammable liquids which requires the use of overvoltage protection according to DIN EN 60079-14, standard for test procedures 60060-1 (10 kA, pulse $8/20~\mu s$), overvoltage protection has to be ensured by an integrated or external overvoltage protection module.

Integrated overvoltage protection

An integrated overvoltage protection module is available for 2-wire HART as well as PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices.

Product structure: Feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection".

| Technical data | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Resistance per channel | 2 * 0.5 Ω max | |
| Threshold DC voltage | 400 to 700 V | |
| Threshold impulse voltage | < 800 V | |
| Capacitance at 1 MHz | < 1.5 pF | |
| Nominal arrest impulse voltage (8/20 μs) | 10 kA | |

External overvoltage protection

HAW562 or HAW569 from Endress+Hauser are suited as external overvoltage protection.

For detailed information please refer to the following documents:

• HAW562: TI01012K

■ HAW569: TI01013K

Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions

- Temperature = $+24 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (+75 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}) \pm 5 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 9 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$
- Pressure = 960 mbar abs. $(14 \text{ psia})\pm 100 \text{ mbar } (\pm 1.45 \text{ psi})$
- Humidity = 60 %±15 %
- Reflection factor ≥ 0,8 (water surface for coax probe, metal plate for rod and rope probe with min. 1 m (40 in) diameter)
- Flange for rod or rope probe ≥300 mm (12 in) diameter
- Distance to obstacles ≥1 m (40 in)
- For interface measurement:
 - Coax probe
 - DC of the lower medium = 80 (water)
 - DC of the upper medium = 2 (oil)

Maximum measured error

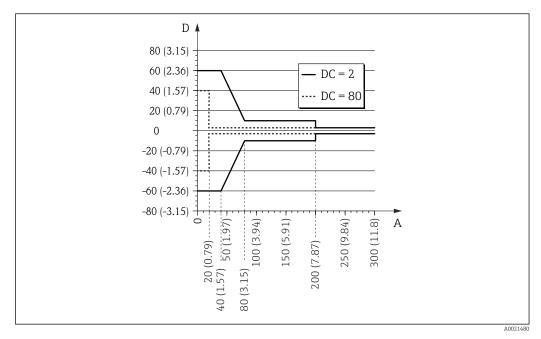
Typical data under reference operating conditions: DIN EN 61298-2, percentage values in relation to the span.

| Output: | digital | analog 1) |
|---|--|-----------|
| Sum of non-linearity, nonrepeatability and hysteresis | Level measurement: • Measuring distance up to 15 m (49 ft): ±2 mm (0.08 in) • Measuring distance >15 m (49 ft): ±10 mm (0.39 in) • FMP54 with coax probe: ±5 mm (0.2 in) | ±0.02 % |
| | Interface measurement: Measuring distance up to 500 mm (19.7 in): ±20 mm (0.79 in) Measuring distance >500 mm (19.7 in): ±10 mm (0.39 in) If the thickness of the upper medium is <100 mm (3.94 in): ±40 mm (1.57 in) | |
| Offset / Zero | ±4 mm (0.16 in) | ±0.03 % |

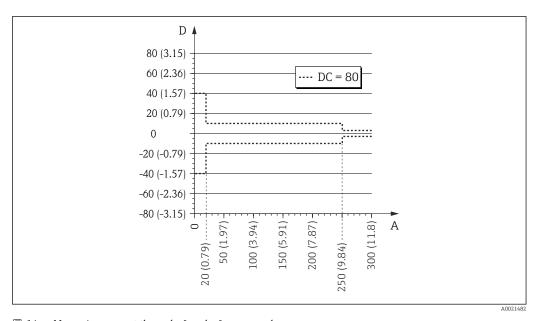
1) Add error of the analogous value to the digital value.

If the reference conditions are not met, the offset/zero point arising from the mounting situation may be up to $\pm 12\,$ mm (0.47 in) for rope and rod probes. This additional offset/zero point can be compensated for by entering a correction (parameter "level correction") during commissioning.

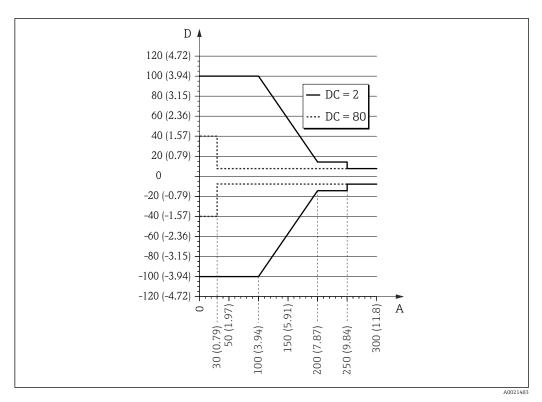
Differing from this, the following measuring error is present in the vicinity of the lower probe end:



- \blacksquare 13 Measuring error at the end-of-probe for rod and coax probes
- A Distance from probe end [mm(in)]
- D Measuring error: Sum of non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis

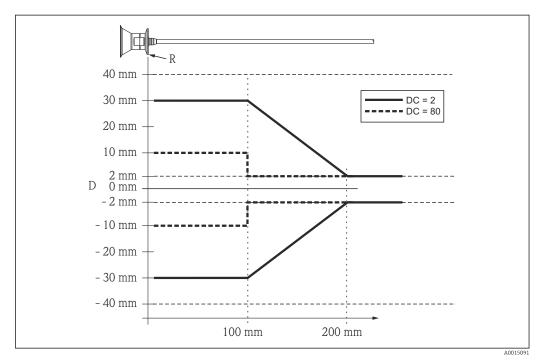


- $\blacksquare 14$ Measuring error at the end-of-probe for rope probes
- A Distance from probe end
- D Measuring error: Sum of non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis



- Measuring error at the end-of-probe for probes with metallic centering disk (product structure: feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option OA, OB or OC)
- A Distance from probe end [mm(in)]
- D Measuring error: Sum of non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis
- If for rope probes the DC value is less than 7, then measurement is not possible in the area of the straining weight (0 to 250 mm from end of probe; lower blocking distance).

In the area of the upper probe end, the measuring error is as follows (rod/rope only):



Measuring error at the upper end of the probe

D Sum of non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis

R Reference point of measurement

DC Dielectric constant

Resolution

■ digital: 1 mm

analog: 1 μA

Reaction time

The reaction time can be parametrized. The following step response times (as per DIN EN 61298-2) ⁴⁾ are valid if the damping is switched off:

| Level measurement | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Probe length | Sampling rate | Step response time | | | |
| <10 m (33 ft) | 3.6 measurements/second | < 0.8 s | | | |
| < 40 m (131 ft) | ≥ 2.7 measurements/second | < 1 s | | | |

| Interface measurement | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Probe length | Sampling rate | Step response time | | | |
| < 10 m (33 ft) | ≥ 1.1 measurements/second | < 2.2 s | | | |

Influence of ambient temperature

The measurements are carried out in accordance with EN 61298-3

- digital (HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus): average $T_K = 0.6 \text{ mm}/10 \text{ K}$ For FMP51 and FMP52 with remote sensor ⁵⁾ there is an additional offset of $\pm 0.3 \text{ mm}/10 \text{ K}$ ($\pm 0.01 \text{ in}/10 \text{ K}$) per 1 m (3.3 ft) of the remote cable.
- analog (current output):
 - zero point (4 mA): average $T_K = 0.02 \%/10 K$
 - span (20 mA): average $T_K = 0.05 \%/10 K$

⁴⁾ According to DIN EN 61209-2 the response time is the time which passes after a sudden change of the input signal until the output signal for the first time assumes 90% of the steady-state value.

⁵⁾ Product structure: Feature 600, options MB, MC or MD)

Influence of gas layer

High pressures reduce the propagation velocity of the measuring signals in the gas/vapor above the fluid. This effect depends on the kind of gas/vapor and of its temperature. This results in a systematic measuring error that gets bigger as the distance increases between the reference point of the measurement (flange) and the product surface. The following table illustrates this measured error for a few typical gases/vapors (with regard to distance; a positive value means that too large a distance is being measured):

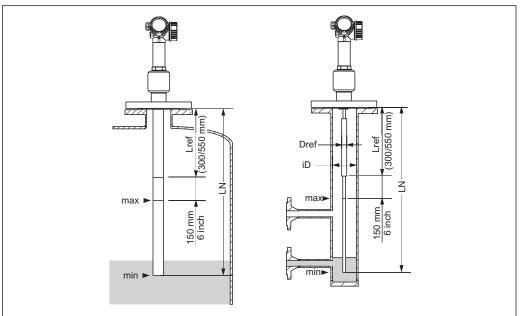
| Gas layer | Tempe | rature | | | | | ressure | | |
|-----------|-------|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | °C | °F | 1 bar (14.5 psi) | 10 bar (145 psi) | 50 bar (725 psi) | 100 bar (1450 psi) | 200 bar (2900 psi) | 400 bar (5800 psi) | |
| Air | 20 | 68 | 0.00 % | 0.22 % | 1.2 % | 2.4 % | 4.9 % | 9.5 % | |
| | 200 | 392 | -0.01 % | 0.13 % | 0.74 % | 1.5 % | 3.0 % | 6.0 % | |
| | 400 | 752 | -0.02 % | 0.08 % | 0.52 % | 1.1 % | 2.1 % | 4.2 % | |
| Hydrogen | 20 | 68 | -0.01 % | 0.10 % | 0.61 % | 1.2 % | 2.5 % | 4.9 % | |
| | 200 | 392 | -0.02 % | 0.05 % | 0.37 % | 0.76 % | 1.6 % | 3.1 % | |
| | 400 | 752 | -0.02 % | 0.03 % | 0.25 % | 0.53 % | 1.1 % | 2.2 % | |

| Gas layer | Tempe | rature | | Pressure | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | °C | °F | 1 bar (14.5 psi) | 2 bar (29 psi) | 5 bar (72.5 psi) | 10 bar (145 psi) | 20 bar (290 psi) | 50 bar (725 psi) | 100 bar (1450 psi) | 200 bar (2900 psi) |
| Water | 100 | 212 | 0.26 % | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (saturated steam) | 120 | 248 | 0.23 % | 0.50 % | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 152 | 306 | 0.20 % | 0.42 % | 1.14 % | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 180 | 356 | 0.17 % | 0.37 % | 0.99 % | 2.10 % | - | - | - | - |
| | 212 | 414 | 0.15 % | 0.32 % | 0.86 % | 1.79 % | 3.9 % | - | - | - |
| | 264 | 507 | 0.12 % | 0.26 % | 0.69 % | 1.44 % | 3.0 % | 9.2 % | - | - |
| | 311 | 592 | 0.09 % | 0.22 % | 0.58 % | 1.21 % | 2.5 % | 7.1 % | 19.3 % | - |
| | 366 | 691 | 0.07 % | 0.18 % | 0.49 % | 1.01 % | 2.1 % | 5.7 % | 13.2 % | 76 % |

Gas phase compensation with external pressure sensor (PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus) PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices can receive the signal of an external pressure sensor through the bus and use it to perform a pressure dependent time-of-flight correction. In the case of saturated steam in the temperature range from 100 to $350\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (212 to 662 °f), for example, the measuring error of the distance measurement can be reduced by this method from up to 29 % (without compensation) to less than 3 % (with compensation).

Gas phase compensation with reference signal (option for FMP54)

As an option Levelflex is available in a version with automatic gas phase correction, which corrects this error (feature 540 "Application Package", option EF: "Gas Phase Compensation $L_{\rm ref}$ = 300 mm" or EG: "Gas Phase Compensation $L_{\rm ref}$ = 550 mm"). This version of the Levelflex generates a reference reflection in the distance $L_{\rm ref}$ from the flange by a diameter step of the probe rod. The reference reflection must be at least 150 mm (6") above the highest level. By means of the shift of the reference reflection the actual propagation speed is measured and the level value will be automatically corrected.



A001453

- **Coax probes** with reference reflection can be installed in any tank (free in the tank or into a bypass). Coax probes are completely mounted and adjusted ex works. After mounting they are ready for use, additional settings are not necessary.
- **Rod probes** are only recommended if the installation of a coax probe is not possible (e.g. if the bypass diameter is too small).

Rod probes with reference reflection are only suited for mounting in stilling wells and side gauges (bypasses). The diameter D_{ref} of the probe rod in the range of the reference distance L_{ref} must be chosen depending on the pipe inner diameter iD, see table below. In the range of the reference distance L_{ref} the pipe has to be cylindrical; changes of the cross section, for example at flanged connections, are only allowed up to 5% of the inside diameter iD.

Additionally, the settings must be checked by an expert person after mounting and corrected if necessary.

| Inner diameter iD of the stilling well/bypass | Diameter D_{ref} of the rod probe within the reference distance L_{ref} |
|---|---|
| 40 mm (1.57") ≤ iD < 45 mm (1.77") | 22 mm (0.87") |
| 45 mm (1.77") ≤ iD < 70 mm (2.76") | 25 mm (0.98") |
| 70 mm (2.76") < iD < 100 mm (3.94") | 30 mm (1.18") |

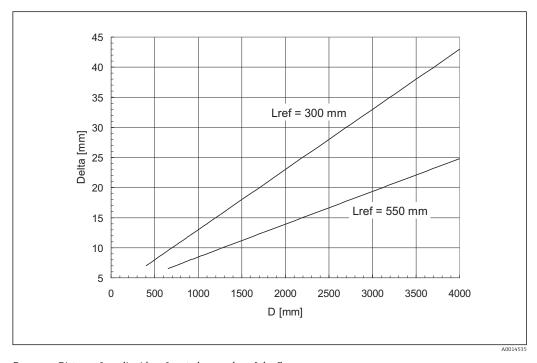
Limitations for coax/rod probes

| Maximum probe length LN | For rod probes: LN ≤4000 mm (157 in) For coax probes: LN ≤6000 mm (236 in) |
|---|---|
| Minimum probe length LN | $LN > L_{ref} + 200 \text{ mm } (L_{ref} + 7.7")$ |
| Reference distance L_{ref} | 300 mm (11.8") or 550 mm (21.7"), see feature 540 of the product structure |
| Maximum level relative to sealing surface of flange | L _{ref} + 150 mm (L _{ref} + 6") |
| Minimum dielectric constant of the medium | DC > 7 |

Area of application

Level measurements with high pressure for measuring ranges up to a few meters in polar media with a dielectric constant DC > 7 (e.g. water or ammonia), which would cause a high measuring error without the compensation.

The accuracy of measurement at reference conditions is the higher the larger the reference length $L_{\rm ref}$ and the samller the measuring range:



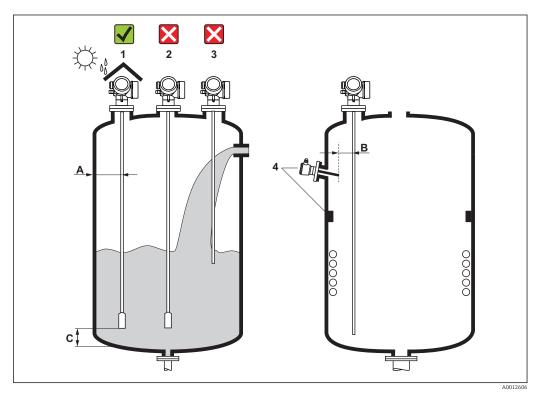
D Distance from liquid surface to lower edge of the flange Delta Measuring error

If there are fast changes in pressure, there may be an additional error, since the mesured reference distance is filtered with the time constant of the level measurement. In addition, conditions of imbalance - for example due to heating - may cause density gradients within the medium and condensation of steam at the probe. As a result, the level readings at different locations inside the tank may vary slightly. Caused by this application influences the measuring error may be increased by a factor up to 2 to 3.

Mounting

Mounting requirements

Suitable mounting position



■ 17 Mounting requirements for Levelflex

Mounting distances

- Distance (A) between wall and rod or rope probe:
 - for smooth metallic walls: > 50 mm (2")
 - for plastic walls: $> 300 \ \text{mm}$ (12") mm to metallic parts outside the vessel
 - for concrete walls: > 500 mm (20"), otherwise the available measuring range may be reduced.
- Distance (B) between rod or rope probe and internal fittings in the vessel: > 300 mm (12")
- Distance (C) from end of probe to bottom of the vessel:

 - Rope probe: > 150 mm (6 in)Rod probe: > 10 mm (0.4 in)
 - Coax probe: > 10 mm (0.4 in)

For coax probes the distance to the wall and to internal fittings is arbitrary.

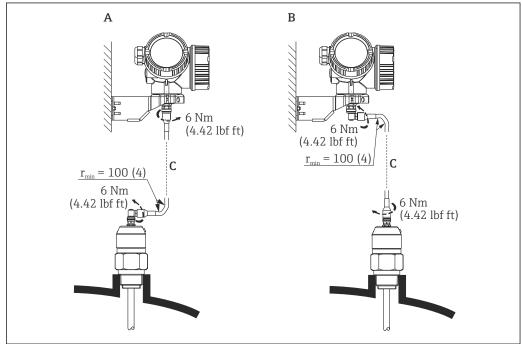
Additional conditions

- When mounting in the open, a weather protection cover (1) may be installed to protect the device against extreme weather conditions.
- In metallic vessels: Preferably do not mount the probe in the center of the vessel (2), as this would lead to increased interference echoes.
 - If a central mounting position can not be avoided, it is crucial to perform an interference echo suppresion(mapping) after the commissioning of the device.
- Do not mount the probe in the filling curtain (3).
- Avoid buckling the rope probe during installation or operation (e.g. through product movement against silo wall) by selecting a suitable mounting location.
- With suspended rope probes (probe end not fixed at the bottom) the distance between the probe rope and internal fittings in the tank must not fall below 300 mm (12") during the entire process. A sporadic contact between the probe weight and the cone of the vessel, however, does not influence the measurement as long as the dielectric constant of the medium is at least DC = 1.8.
- When mounting the electronics housing into a recess (e.g. in a concrete ceiling), observe a minimum distance of 100 mm (4 inch) between the cover of the terminal compartment / electronics compartment and the wall. Otherwise the connection compartment / electronics compartment is not accessible after installation.

Applications with restricted mounting space

Mounting with remote sensor

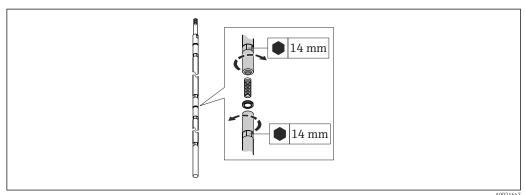
The device version with a remote sensor is suited for applications with restricted mounting space. In this case the electronics housing is mounted at a separate position from which it is easier accessible.



A001479

- A Angled plug at the probe
- B Angled plug at the electronics housing
- C Length of the remote cable as ordered
- Product structure, feature 600 "Probe Design":
 - Option MB "Sensor remote, 3m/9ft cable"
 - Option MC "Sensor remote, 6m/18ft cable"
 - Option MB "Sensor remote, 9m/27ft cable"
- The remote cable is supplied with these device versions Minimum bending radius: 100 mm (4 inch)
- A mounting bracket for the electronics housing is supplied with these device versions. Mounting options:
 - Wall mounting
 - Pipe mounting; diameter: 42 to 60 mm (1-1/4 to 2 inch)
- The connection cable has got one straight and one angled plug (90°). Depending on the local conditions the angled plug can be connected at the probe or at the electronics housing.
- Probe, electronics and connection cable are adjusted to match each other. They are marked by a common serial number. Only components with the same serial number shall be connected to each other.

Divisible probes



If there is little mounting space (distance to the ceiling), it is advisable to use divisible rod probes (ϕ 16 mm).

- max. probe length 10 m (394 in)
- max. sideways capacity 30 Nm
- probes are separable several times with the following lengths of the individual parts:

 - 500 mm (20 in) 1000 mm (40 in)
- torque: 15 Nm

Notes on the mechanical load of the probe

Tensile load limit of rope probes

| Sensor | Feature 060 | Probe | Tensile load limit [kN] |
|--------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| FMP51 | LA, LB MB, MD | Rope 4mm (1/6") 316 | 5 |
| FMP52 | OA, OB, OC, OD | Rope 4mm (1/6") PFA>316 | 2 |
| FMP54 | LA, LB | Rope 4mm (1/6") 316 | 10 |

Bending strength of rod probes

| Sensor | Feature 060 | Probe | Bending strength [Nm] |
|--------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| FMP51 | AA, AB | Rod 8mm (1/3") 316L | 10 |
| | AC, AD | Rod 12mm (1/2") 316L | 30 |
| | AL, AM | Rod 12mm (1/2") AlloyC | 30 |
| | BA, BB, BC, BD | Rod 16mm (0.63") 316L divisible | 30 |
| FMP52 | CA, CB | Rod 16mm (0.63") PFA>316L | 30 |
| FMP54 | AE, AF | Rod 16mm (0.63") 316L | 30 |
| | BA, BB, BC, BD | Rod 16mm (0.63") 316L divisible | 30 |

Bending load (torque) through fluid flow

The formula for calculating the bending torque M impacting on the probe:

 $M = c_w \cdot \rho / 2 \cdot v^2 \cdot d \cdot L \cdot (L_N - 0.5 \cdot L)$

with:

c_w: Friction factor

 ρ [kg/m³]: Density of the medium

v [m/s]: Velocity of the medium perpendicular to the probe rod

d [m]: Diameter of the probe rod

L [m]: Level

LN [m]: Probe length

${\bf Calculation\ example}$

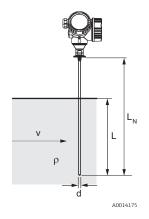
Friction factor $c_w \hspace{1cm} 0.9$ (on the assumption of a turbulent current - high

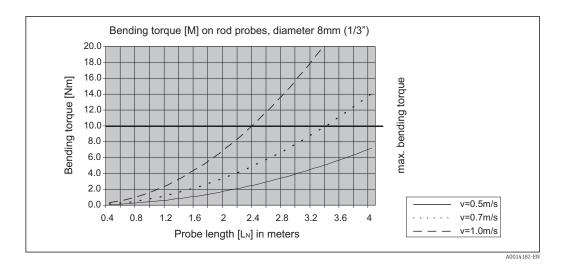
Reynolds number)

Density ρ [kg/m³] 1000 (e.g. water)

Probe diameter d [m] 0,008

 $L = L_N$ (worst case)





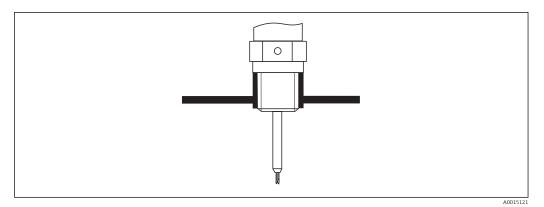
Bending strength of coax probes

| Sensor | Feature 060 | Process connection | Probe | Bending strength [Nm] |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| FMP51 | UA, UB | Thread G¾ oder NPT¾ | Coax 316L, Ø 21,3 mm | 60 |
| | | ■ Thread G1½ or NPT1½ ■ Flange | Coax 316L, Ø 42,4 mm | 300 |
| | UC, UD | Flange | Coax AlloyC, Ø 42,4 mm | 300 |
| FMP54 | UA, UB | ■ Thread G1½ or NPT1½ ■ Flange | Coax 316L, Ø 42,4 mm | 300 |

Notes on the process connection

Probes are mounted to the process connection with threaded connections or flanges. If during this installation there is the danger that the probe end moves so much that it touches the tank floor or cone at times, the probe must, if necessary, be shortened and fixed down ($\rightarrow \implies 56$).

Threaded connection



■ 18 Mounting with threaded connection; flush with the container ceiling

Seal

The thread as well as the type of seal comply to DIN 3852 Part 1, screwed plug form A.

They can be sealed with the following types of sealing rings:

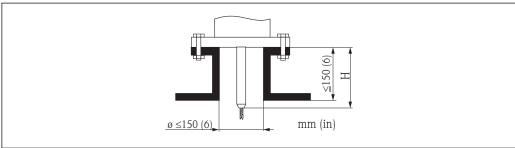
- Thread G3/4": According to DIN 7603 with the dimensions 27 x 32 mm
- Thread G1-1/2": According to DIN 7603 with the dimensions 48 x 55 mm

Please use a sealing ring according to this standard in the form A, C or D and of a material that is resistant to the application.

For the length of the screwed plug refer to the dimensional drawing:

- FMP51: (→ 🖺 81)
- FMP54: (→ 🖺 85)

Nozzle mounting



A0015122

- Permissible nozzle diameter: \leq 150 mm (6 in). For larger diameters the near range measuring capability may be reduced. For nozzles \geq DN300: (\rightarrow \cong 54).
- Permissible nozzle height ⁶⁾: ≤150 mm (6 in). For a larger height the near range measuring capability may be reduced. Larger nozzle heights may be possible in special cases (see sections "Center rod for FMP51 and FMP52" and "Rod extension/centering HMP40 for FMP54").
 - With thermally insulated vessels the nozzle should also be insulated in order to prevent condensate formation.

⁶⁾ Larger nozzle heights on request

Center rod for FMP51 and FMP52

For rope probes it may be necessary to use a version with center rod in order to prevent the probe rod from coming into contact with the nozzle wall. Probes with center rod are available for FMP51 and FMP52.

| Probe | Max. nozzle height (= length of the center rod) | Option to be selected in feature 060 ("Probe") |
|-------|---|--|
| FMP51 | 150 mm | LA |
| | 6 inch | LB |
| | 300 mm | MB |
| | 12 inch | MD |
| FMP52 | 150 mm | OA |
| | 6 inch | ОС |
| | 300 mm | ОВ |
| | 12 inch | OD |

Rod extension/centering HMP40 for FMP54

For FMP54 with rope probes the rod extension/centering HMP 40 is available as an accessory the nozzle.

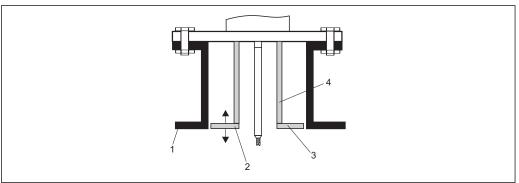


This accessory consists of the extension rod corresponding to the nozzle height, on which a centering disk is also mounted if the nozzles are narrow or when working in bulk solids. This component is delivered separately from the device. Please order the probe length correspondingly shorter.

Centering disks with small diameters (DN40 and DN50) may only be used if there is no significant build-up in the nozzle above the disk. The nozzle must not become clogged by the product.

Installation in nozzles ≥ DN300

If installation in \geq 300mm/12" nozzles is unavoidable, installation must be carried out in accordance with the following sketch.



A001419

- 1 Lower edge of the nozzle
- 2 Approx. flush with the lower edge of the nozzle (\pm 50 mm/2")
- 3 Plate
- 4 Pipe Φ 150 to 180 mm (6 to 7 inch)

| Nozzle diameter | Plate diameter |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 300 mm (12") | 280 mm (11") |
| ≥ 400 mm (16") | ≥ 350 mm (14") |

Mounting cladded flanges

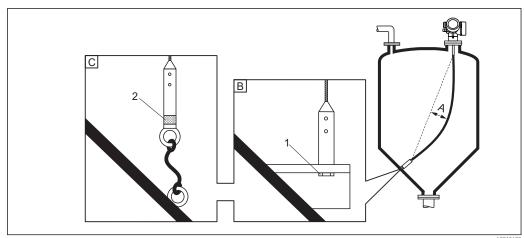
For cladded flanges of FMR52, observe the following:

- Use flange screws according to the number of flange holes.
- Tighten the screws with the required torque (see table).
 Retighten the screws after 24 hours or after the first temperature cycle.
- Depending on process pressure and process temperature check and retighten the screws at regular intervals.

| Flange size | Number of screws | Recommended torque [Nm] | | |
|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| | | minimum | maximum | |
| EN | | | | |
| DN40/PN40 | 4 | 35 | 55 | |
| DN50/PN16 | 4 | 45 | 65 | |
| DN50/PN40 | 4 | 45 | 65 | |
| DN80/PN16 | 8 | 40 | 55 | |
| DN80/PN40 | 8 | 40 | 55 | |
| DN100/PN16 | 8 | 40 | 60 | |
| DN100/PN40 | 8 | 55 | 80 | |
| DN150/PN16 | 8 | 75 | 115 | |
| DN150/PN40 | 8 | 95 | 145 | |
| ASME | | | | |
| 1½"/150lbs | 4 | 20 | 30 | |
| 1½"/300lbs | 4 | 30 | 40 | |
| 2"/150lbs | 4 | 40 | 55 | |
| 2"/300lbs | 8 | 20 | 30 | |
| 3"/150lbs | 4 | 65 | 95 | |
| 3"/300lbs | 8 | 40 | 55 | |
| 4"/150lbs | 8 | 45 | 70 | |
| 4"/300lbs | 8 | 55 | 80 | |
| 6"/150lbs | 8 | 85 | 125 | |
| 6"/300lbs | 12 | 60 | 90 | |
| JIS | | | | |
| 10K 40A | 4 | 30 | 45 | |
| 10K 50A | 4 | 40 | 60 | |
| 10K 80A | 8 | 25 | 35 | |
| 10K 100A | 8 | 35 | 55 | |
| 10K 100A | 8 | 75 | 115 | |

Securing the probe

Securing rope probes

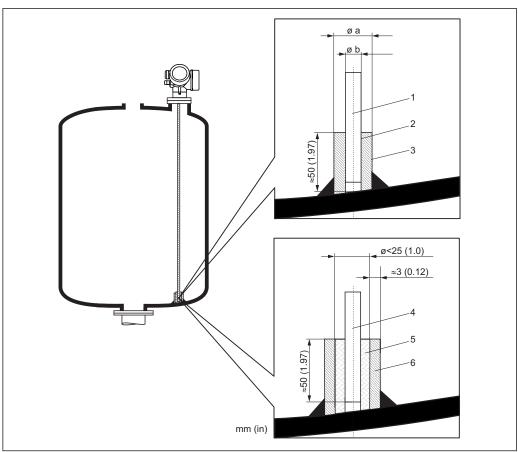


- A001260
- A Sag of the rope: ≥ 1 cm per 1m of the probe length (0.12 inch per 1 ft of the probe length)
- B Reliably grounded end of probe
- C Reliably isolated end of probe
- 1: Mounting and contact with a bolt
- 2 Mounting kit isolated
- The end of the probe needs to be secured under the following conditions: if otherwise the probe sporadically comes into contact with the wall of the vessel, the outlet cone, internal fittings or other parts of the installation.
- The end of probe can be secured at its internal thread rope 4 mm (1/6"), 316: M 14
- The fixing must be either reliably grounded or reliably insulated. If it is not possible to mount the probe weight with a reliably insulated connection, it can be secured using an isolated eyelet, which is available as an accessory.
- In order to prevent an extremely high tensile load (e.g. due to thermal expansion) and the risk of rope crack, the rope has to be slack. Make the rope longer than the required measuring range such that there is a sag in the middle of the rope that is $\geq 1 \text{cm}/(1 \text{ m rope length}) [0.12 \text{ inch}/(1 \text{ ft rope length})]$.

Tensile load limit of rope probes: $(\rightarrow \implies 48)$

Securing rod probes

- For Ex-approvals: For probe lengths ≥ 3 m (10 ft) a support is required.
- In general, rod probes must be supported if there is a horizontal flow (e.g. from an agitator) or in the case of strong vibrations.
- Rod probes may only be supported at the end of the probe.



A001260

- 1 Probe rod, uncoated
- 2 Sleeve bored tight to ensure electrical contact between the rod and sleeve!
- 3 Short metal pipe, e.g. welded in place
- 4 Probe rod, coated
- 5 Plastic sleeve, e.g. PTFE, PEEK or PPS
- 6 Short metal pipe, e.g. welded in place

| φ probe | Φa [mm (inch)] | Φ b [mm (inch)] |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 8 mm (1/3") | < 14 (0.55) | 8.5 (0.34) |
| 12 mm (1/2") | < 20 (0.78) | 12.5 (0.52) |
| 16 mm (0.63in) | < 26 (1.02) | 16.5 (0.65) |

NOTICE

Poor grounding of the end of probe may cause measuring errors.

► Apply a narrow sleeve which has good electrical contact to the probe.

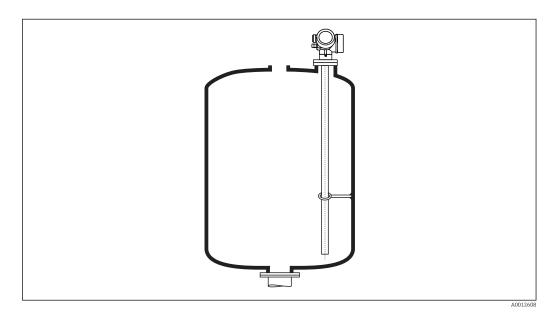
NOTICE

Welding may damage the main electronics module.

▶ Before welding: Ground the probe and dismount electronics.

Securing coax probes

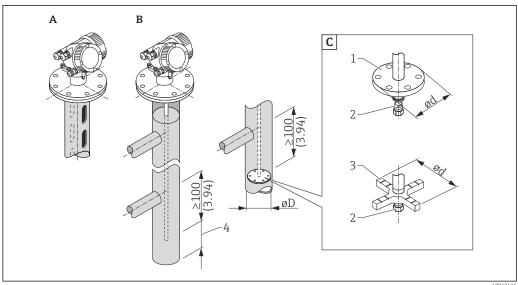
For WHG-approvals: For probe lengths ≥ 3 m (10 ft) a support is required.



Coax probes can be supported at any point of the outer tube.

Special mounting conditions

Bypasses and stilling wells



- Mounting in a stilling well
- В Mounting in a bypass
- С Center washer or centering star
- Metallic center washer (316L) for level measurement
- *Fixing screw; torque: 25 Nm ± 5 Nm*
- 3 Non-metallic centering star (PEEK, PFA) for interface measurement
- Minimum distance between end of probe and lower edge of the bypass; see table below

Allocation of probe type and center washer or centering star to pipe diameter

| Feature 610 - Accessory mounted | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| Application | Option | Type of probe | Center washer Centering star | | Pipe |
| | | | Φ d [mm (in)] | Material | Φ D [mm (in)] |
| Level measurement | OA | Rod probe | 75 (2,95) | 316L | DN80/3" to DN100/4" |
| | OB | Rod probe | 45 (1,77) | 316L | DN50/2" to DN65/2½" |
| | OC | Rope probe | 75 (2,95) | 316L | DN80/3" to DN100/4" |
| Interface measurement | OD | Rod probe | 4895 (1,893,74) | PEEK | ≥ 50 mm (2") |
| | OE | Rod probe | 37 (1,46) | PFA | ≥ 40 mm (1.57") |

Minimum distance between end of probe and lower edge of the bypass

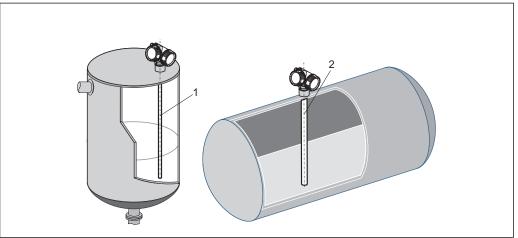
| Type of probe | Minimum distance |
|---------------|------------------|
| Rope | 150 mm (6 in) |
| Rod | 10 mm (0.4 in) |
| Coax | 10 mm (0.4 in) |

- Pipe diameter: > 40 mm (1.6") for rod probes
- Rod probe installation can take place up to a diameter size of 150 mm (6 in). In the event of larger diameters, a coax probe is recommended.
- Side disposals, holes or slits and welded joints that protrude up to approx. 5 mm (0.2") inwards do not influence the measurement.
- The pipe may not exhibit any steps in diameter.
- The probe must be 100 mm longer than the lower disposal.
- Within the measuring range, the probe must not get into contact with the pipe wall. If necessary, use a center washer or centering star (see feature 610 of the product structure).
- If the center washer or centering star is mounted at the end of the probe, it enables a reliable recognition of the end-of-probe signal (see feature 610 of the product structure).
 Note: For interface measurements only use the nonmetallic centering star made of PEEK or PFA (feature 610, options OD or OE).
- Coax probes can always be applied if there is enough mounting space.
- For bypasses with condensate formation (water) and a medium with low dielectric constant (e.g. hydrocarbons):

In the course of time the bypass is filled with condensate up to the lower disposal and for low levels the the level echo is superimposed by the condensate echo. Thus in this range the condensate level is measured instead of the correct level. Only higher levels are measured correctly. To prevent this, position the lower disposal 100 mm (4 in) below the lowest level to be measured and apply a metallic centering disk at the height of the lower edge of the lower disposal.

- With heat insulated tanks the bypass should also be insulated in order to prevent condensate formation.
- For rope probes with a length exceeding 2 m (6.7 ft) an additional weight or a spring should be mounted in addition to the center a washer (option OC) in order to tighten the rope. The mass of the center wahser is 155 q (5.5 oz).
- For information on bypass solutions from Endress+Hauser please contact your Endress+Hauser sales representative.

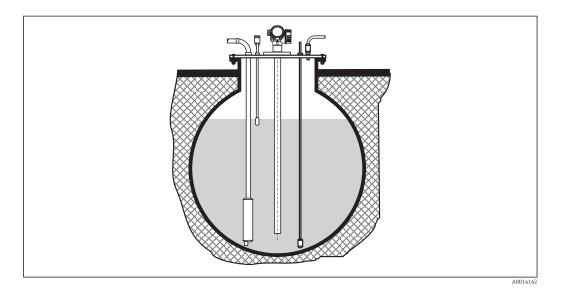
Installation in horizontal and upright cylindrical tanks



A0014141

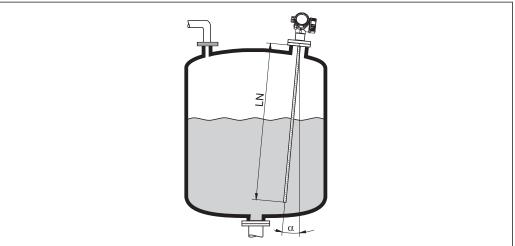
- Any distance from wall, as long as occasional contact is prevented.
 When installing in tanks with a lot of internals or internals situated close to the probe: use a coax probe.

Underground tanks



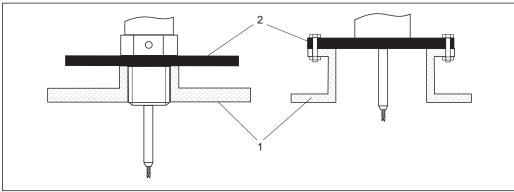
Use a coax probe for nozzles with large diameters in order to avoid reflections at the nozzle wall.

Installation at an angle



- For mechanical reasons, the probe should be installed as vertically as possible.
 With inclined installations the probe length has to be adjusted in dependence to the installation
 - Up to LN = 1 m (3.3 ft): α = 30°
 - Up to LN = 2 m (6.6 ft): $\alpha = 10^{\circ}$
 - Up to LN = 4 m (13.1 ft): α = 5°

Non-metallic vessels



A00125

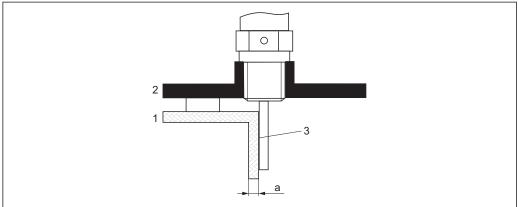
- 1 Non-metallic vessel
- 2 Metal sheet or metal flange

To measure, Levelflex with a rod probe needs a metallic surface at the process connection. Therefore:

- Select an instrument version with metal flange (minimum size DN50/2").
- Or: mount a metal sheet with a diameter of at least 200 mm (8") to the probe at the process connection. Its orientation must be perpendicular to the probe.
- i

No additional measures are required for coax probes.

Plastic or glass tanks: Mounting the probe externally at the wall



- 1 Plastic or glass tank
- 2 Metall sheet with threaded sleeve
- No free space between tank wall and probe!

Requirements

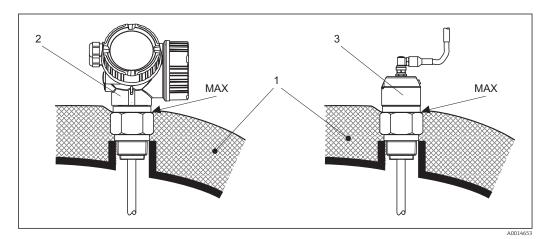
- The dielectric constant of the medium must be at least DC > 7.
- The tank wall must be non-conductvie.
- Maximum wall thickness (a):
 - Plastic: < 15 mm (0.6")
 - Glass: < 10 mm (0.4")
- There may be no metallic reinforcements fixed to the tank.

Mounting conditions:

- The probe must be mounted directly to the tank wall (no open space)
- A plastic half pipe with a diameter of approx. 200 mm (8"), or some other protective unit, must be affixed externally to the probe to prevent any influences on the measurement.
- If the tank diameter is less than 300 mm (12"): A metallic grounding sheet must be installed at the opposite side of the tank. The sheet must be conductively connected to the process connection and cover about the half of the vessel's circumference.
- If the tank diameter exceeds 300 mm (12"):
 A metal sheet with a diameter of at least 200 mm (8") must be mounted to the probe at the process connection. Its orientation must be perpendicular to the probe (see above).

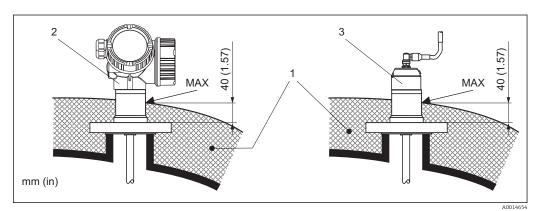
Vessels with heat insulation

If process temperatures are high, the device must be included in normal tank insulation to prevent the electronics heating up as a result of heat radiation or convection. The insulation may not exceed beyond the points labeled "MAX" in the drawings.



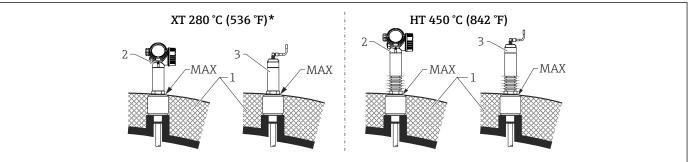
■ 19 Process connection with thread - FMP51

- 1 Tank insulation
- 2 Compact device
- 3 Sensor remote (feature 600)



■ 20 Process connection with flange - FMP51, FMP52

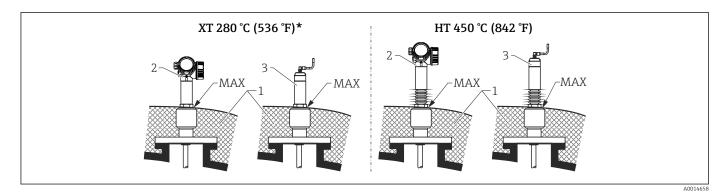
- 1 Tank insulation
- 2 Compact device
- 3 Sensor remote (feature 600)



A001465

 \blacksquare 21 Process connection with thread - FMP54, sensor version XT and HT

- 1 Tank insulation
- 2 Compact device
- 3 Sensor remote (feature 600)
- The XT version is not recommended for saturated steam above 200 °C (392 °F). Use the HT version instead.



 \blacksquare 22 Process connection with flange - FMP54, sensor version XT and HT

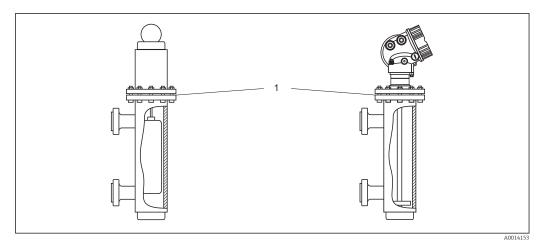
- 1 Tank insulation
- 2 Compact device
- 3 Sensor remote (feature 600)
- * The XT version is not recommended for saturated steam above 200 $^{\circ}$ C (392 $^{\circ}$ F). Use the HT version instead.

Replacing a displacer system in an existing displacer chamber

FMP51 and FMP54 are a perfect replacement for a conventional displacer system in an existing displacer chamber. Endress+Hauser offers flanges that suit Fischer and Masoneilan displacer chamber for this purpose (special product for FMP51; feature 100, options LNJ, LPJ, LQJ for FMP54). Thanks to menu-guided local operation, commissioning the Levelflex only takes a few minutes. Replacement is also possible when partially filled, and wet calibration is not required.

Your benefits

- No moving parts, thus zero-maintenance operation.
- Not sensitive to process influences such as temperature, density, turbulence and vibrations.
- The rod probes can be shortened or replaced easily. In this way, the probe can be easily adjusted on site



1 Flange of the displacer chamber

Planning instructions:

- In normal cases, use a rod probe. When installing into a metallic displacer chamber up to 150 mm, you have all the advantages of a coax probe.
- It must be ensured that the probe does not come into contact with the side wall. Where necessary, use a center washer or centering star at the lower end of the probe (feature 610 of the product structure).
- The center washer or centering star must be adapted as accurately as possible to the internal diameter of the displacer chamber to also ensure perfect operation in the area of the probe end.

Additional information on interface measurement

- In the case of oil and water the centering disk or centering star should be positioned at the lower edge of the lower disposal (water level).
- The pipe may not exhibit any steps in diameter. Use the coax probe where necessary.
- In the case of rod probes, it must be ensured that the probe does not come into contact with the wall. If necessary, use a center washer or centering star at the end of the probe.
- A plastic centering star has to be used for interface measurement (feature 610, options OD and OE).

Operating conditions: Environment

Ambient temperature range

| Measuring device | −40 to +80 °C (−40 to +176 °F) |
|---|---|
| Local display | -20 to $+70$ °C (-4 to $+158$ °F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range. |
| Connection cable (for "Probe Design" = "Sensor remote") | max. 100 °C (212 °F) |
| Remote display FHX50 | -40 to 80 °C (-40 to 176 °F) |

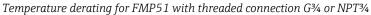
When operating the device in the open with strong sunlight:

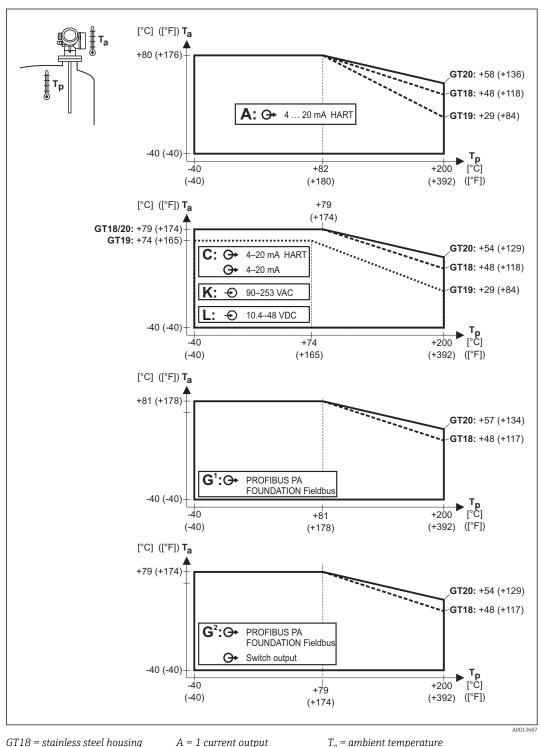
- Mount the device in a shady position.
- Avoid direct sunlight, especially in warmer regions.
- Use a weather protection cover (see accessories).

Ambient temperature limits

The following diagrams take into account only function requirements. There may be further restrictions for certified device versions. Please refere to the separate Safety Instructions ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 126$).

With a temperature (T_p) at the process connection the admissible ambient temperature (T_a) is reduced according to the following diagram (temperature derating):





GT19 = *plastic housing*

GT20 = aluminum housing

C = 2 current outputs

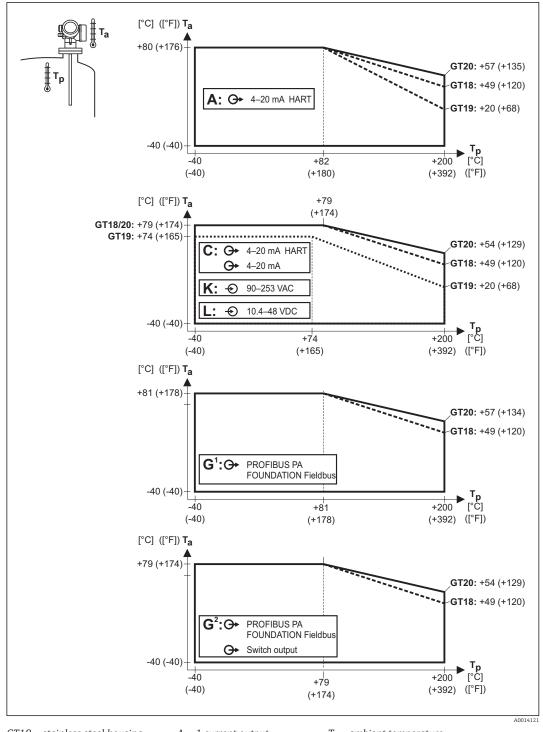
 G^1 , G^2 = PROFIBUS PA 1)

K, L = 4-wire

 T_p = temperature at the process connection $^{2)}$

- 1) For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch output. (G1: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).
- For saturated steam applications the process temperature should not exceed 150 °C (302 °F). For higher 2) process temperatures use FMP54.

Temperature derating for FMP51 with threaded connection $G1\frac{1}{2}$ or NPT1 $\frac{1}{2}$



GT18 = stainless steel housing

GT19 = plastic housing

GT20 = aluminum housing

A = 1 current output

C = 2 current outputs

 G^1 , G^2 = PROFIBUS PA $^{1)}$

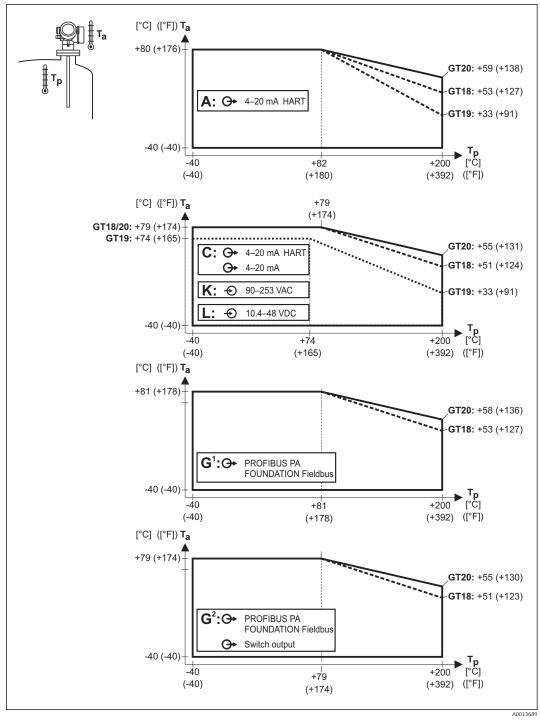
K, L = 4-wire

 T_a = ambient temperature

 T_p = temperature at the process connection ²⁾

- For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch 1) output. (G1: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).
- 2) For saturated steam applications the process temperature should not exceed 150 °C (302 °F). For higher process temperatures use FMP54.

Temperature derating for FMP51 with flange



GT18 = stainless steel housing

GT19 = plastic housing

GT20 = aluminum housing

A = 1 current output

C = 2 current outputs

 G^1 , G^2 = PROFIBUS PA 1)

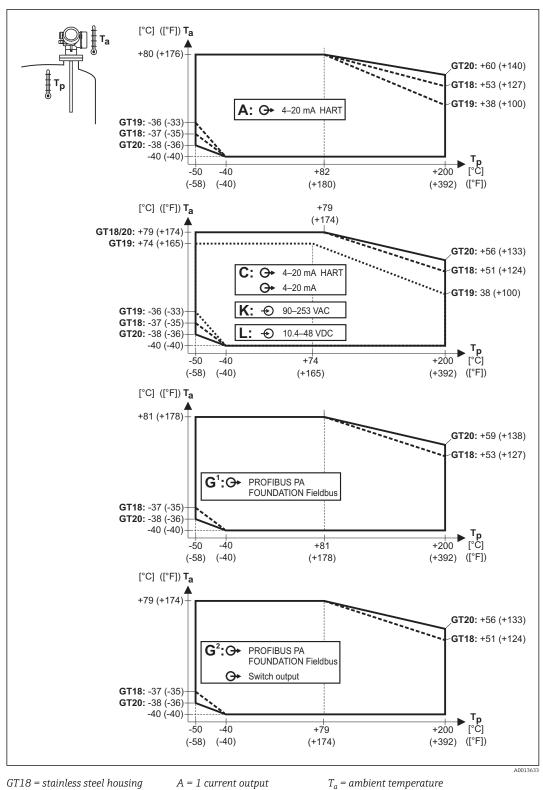
K, L = 4-wire

 T_a = ambient temperature

 T_p = temperature at the process connection ²⁾

- 1) For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch output. (G¹: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).
- 2) For saturated steam applications the process temperature should not exceed 150 $^{\circ}$ C (302 $^{\circ}$ F). For higher process temperatures use FMP54.

Temperature derating for FMP52



GT19 = plastic housing

GT20 = aluminum housing

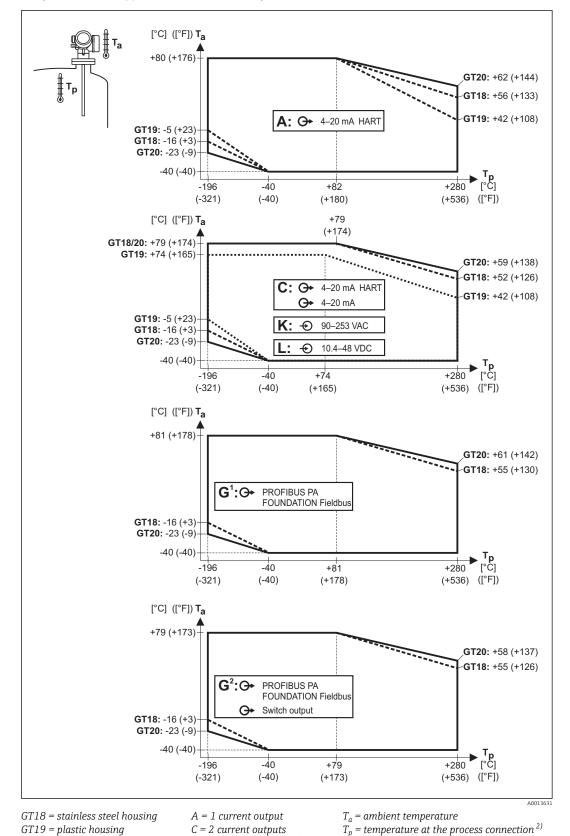
A = 1 current output C = 2 current outputs

C = 2 current outputs G^1 , $G^2 = PROFIBUS PA¹⁾$

K, L = 4-wire

 T_p = temperature at the process connection

1) For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch output. (G1: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).



Temperature derating for FMP54 - version XT up to +280 $^{\circ}$ C (+536 $^{\circ}$ F)

1) For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch output. (G¹: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).

For saturated steam applications the process temperature should not exceed 200 °C (392 °F). For higher
process temperatures use the HT version.

 G^1 , G^2 = PROFIBUS PA $^{1)}$

K, L = 4-wire

GT20 = aluminum housing

74

Temperature derating for FMP54 - version HT up to +450 $^{\circ}$ C (+842 $^{\circ}$ F) [°C] ([°F]) **T**a +80 (+176) GT20: +56 (+133) GT18: +54 (+129) GT19: +42 (+108) A: G→ 4-20 mA HART GT19: -22 (-8) GT18: -27 (-17) GT20: -28 (-18) -40 (-40) +450 +82 (-40)(+842) ([°F]) (-321)(+180)[°C] ([°F]) **T**a +79 (+174)GT18/20: +79 (+174)-GT19: +74 (+165) GT20: +53 (+127) GT18: +51 (+124) C: → 4-20 mA HAR → 4–20 mA GT19: +38 (+100) GT19: -22 (-8) • 90-253 VAC GT18: -27 (-17) GT20: -28 (-18) 10.4-48 VDC -40 (-40) +74 +450 -196 -40 (+842) ([°F]) (+165)(-321)(-40)[°C] ([°F]) Ta +81 (+178) GT20: +55 (+131) GT18: +53 (+128) G1:O+ PROFIBUS PA FOUNDATION Fieldbus GT18: -27 (-16) GT20: -28 (-18) -40 (-40) +450 **P** [°C] +81 -196 -40 (-321)(-40)(+178)(+842) ([°F]) [°C] ([°F]) **T**a GT20: +52 (+126) GT18: +50 (+123) G²:O+ PROFIBUS PA FOUNDATION Fieldbus Switch output GT18: -27 (-16) GT20: -28 (-18)

GT18 = stainless steel housing GT19 = plastic housing

GT20 = aluminum housing

A = 1 current output C = 2 current outputs

C = 2 current outputs G^1 , $G^2 = PROFIBUS PA^{(1)}$ K, L = 4-wire T_a = ambient temperature

+79

(+173)

 T_p = temperature at the process connection

+450

(+842) ([°F])

 For PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus the temperature derating depends on the usage of the switch output. (G¹: switch output not connected; G2: switch output connected).

-40

(-40)

Endress+Hauser 75

-40 (-40)

-196

(-321)

| Storage temperature | -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Climate class | DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD) |
| Altitude according to IEC61010-1 Ed.3 | Up to 2 000 m (6 600 ft) above MSL. Can be expanded to 3 000 m (9 800 ft) above MSL by application of an overvoltage protection, e.g. HAW562 or HAW569. |
| Degree of protection | With closed housing tested according to: IP68, NEMA6P (24 h at 1.83 m under water surface) ⁷⁾ For plastic housing with transparent cover (display module): IP68 (24 h at 1.00 m under water surface) ⁸⁾ IP66, NEMA4X With open housing: IP20, NEMA1 Display module: IP22, NEMA2 |
| | Degree of protection IP68 NEMA6P applies for M12 PROFIBUS PA plugs only when the PROFIBUS cable is plugged in and is also rated IP68 NEMA6P. |
| Vibration resistance | DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 68-2-64: 20 to 2 000 Hz, 1 (m/s ²) ² /Hz |
| Cleaning the probe | Depending on the application, contamination or buildup can accumulate on the probe. A thin, even layer only influences measurement slightly. Thick layers can dampen the signal and then reduce the measuring range. Severe, uneven buildup, adhesion e.g. through crystallization, can lead to incorrect measurement. In this case, we recommend that you use a non-contact measuring principle, or check the probe regularly for soiling. |
| Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) | Electromagnetic compatibility to all relevant requirements of the EN 61326- series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21). For details see declaration of conformity. ⁹⁾ . If only the analogue signal is used, unshielded interconnection lines are sufficient for the installation. In case of using the digital signal (HART/PA/FF) use shielded interconnection lines. |
| | Use a shielded cable when working with a digital communications signal. |
| | Max. fluctuations during EMC- tests: $< 0.5 \%$ of the span. |
| | When installing the probes in metal and concrete tanks and when using a coax probe: ■ Interference emission to EN 61326 - x series, electrical equipment Class B. |

The measured value can be affected by strong electromagnetic fields when installing rod and rope probes without a shielding/metallic wall, e.g. in plastic and wooden silos.

• Interference immunity to EN 61326 - x series, requirements for industrial areas and NAMUR

• Interference emission to EN 61326 - x series, electrical equipment Class A.

Recommendation NE 21 (EMC)

• Interference immunity: the measured value can be affected by strong electromagnetic fields.

⁷⁾ also valid for the "Sensor remote" version

⁸⁾ This restriction is valid if the following options of the product structure have been selected at the same time: 030 ("Display, Operation") = C ("SD02") or E ("SD03"); 040 ("Housing") = A ("GT19").

⁹⁾ Can be downloaded from www.endress.com.

Process

Process temperature range

The maximum permitted temperature at the process connection is determined by the O-ring version ordered:

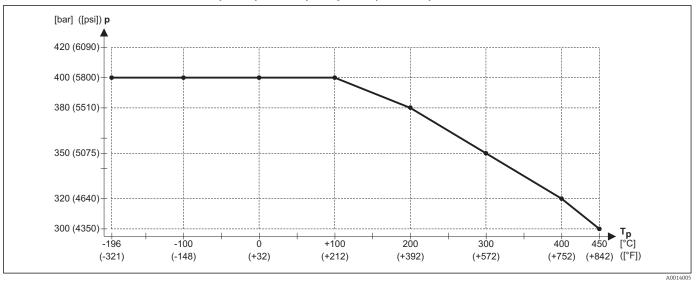
| Device | O-ring material | Process temperature | Approval |
|--------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| FMP51 | FKM (Viton GLT 37559) | -30 to +150 °C (-22 to +302 °F) | |
| | | -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F) only in combination with feature 610 "Accessory Mounted" option model NC "Gastight feed through" | |
| | EPDM (70C4 pW FKN or E7515) | -40 to +120 °C (-40 to +248 °F) | |
| | FFKM (Kalrez 6375) 1) | -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F) ²⁾ | |
| FMP52 | _ | $-50 \text{ to } +200 ^{\circ}\text{C} (-58 \text{ to } +392 ^{\circ}\text{F});$ completely coated | FDA, 3A, EHEDG, USP Cl. VI ³⁾ |
| FMP54 | Graphite | Version XT: -196 to +280 °C (-321 to +536 °F) ⁴⁾ | |
| | | Version HT: -196 to +450 °C (-321 to +842 °F) | |

- 1) Recommended for steam applications
- 2) Not recommended for saturated steam above 150 °C (302 °F). Use FMP54 instead.
- 3) Plastic parts in contact with process have been tested according to USP <88> Class VI-70°C.
- 4) Not recommended for saturated steam above 200 °C (392 °F). Use the HT version instead.
- With uncoated probes, the medium temperature may be higher, under the condition that the maximum process temperature specified in the table above is not exceeded at the process connection.

However, when using rope probes, the stability of the probe rope is reduced by structural changes at temperatures above 350 $^{\circ}$ C (662 $^{\circ}$ F).

Process pressure range

| Device | Process pressure |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| FMP51 | -1 to 40 bar (-14.5 to 580 psi) |
| FMP52 | -1 to 40 bar (-14.5 to 580 psi) |
| FMP54 | -1 to 400 bar (-14.5 to 5800 psi) |



FMP54 - process pressure depending on the process temperature

p = process pressure

 $T_p = process\ temperature$

i

This range may be reduced by the selected process connection. The pressure rating (PN) specified on the flanges refers to a reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C, for ASME flanges 100 $^{\circ}$ F. Pay attention to pressure-temperature dependencies.

Please refer to the following standards for the pressure values permitted for higher temperatures:

- EN 1092-1: 2001 Tab. 18
 With regard to their temperatus
 - With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4435 and 1.4404 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2-2.2 F316
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2.3.8 N10276
- JIS B 2220

Dielectric constant (DC)

- Coax probes: DC $(\epsilon_r) \ge 1.4$
- Rod and rope probe: DC $(\epsilon_r) \ge 1.6$ (when installing in pipes DN ≤ 150 mm (6 in): DC $(\epsilon_r) \ge 1.4$)

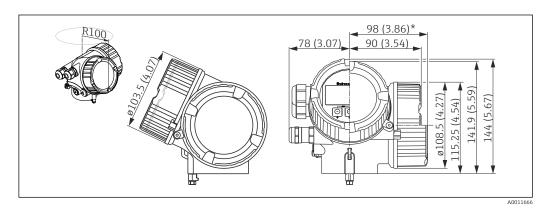
Expansion of the rope probes through temperature

Elongation through temperature increase from 30 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (86 $^{\circ}\text{F}) to 150 <math display="inline">^{\circ}\text{C}$ (302 $^{\circ}\text{F}): 2 \text{ mm / m}$ rope length

Mechanical construction

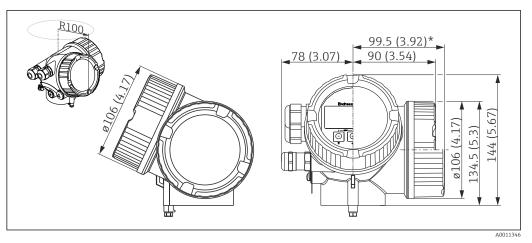
Dimensions

Dimensions of the electronics housing

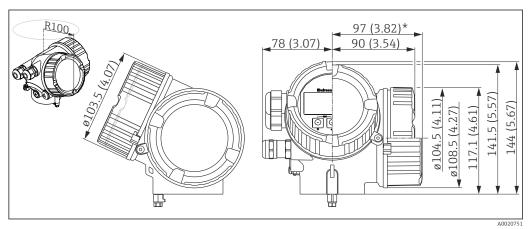


■ 23 Housing GT18 (316L); Dimensions in mm (in)

*for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.

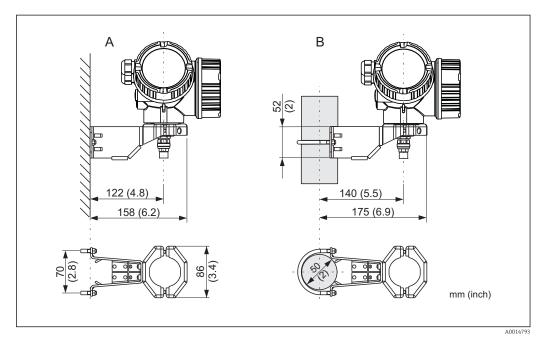


24 Housing GT19 (Plastics PBT); Dimensions in mm (in)*for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.



25 Housing GT20 (Alu coated); Dimensions in mm (in) *for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.

Dimensions of the mounting bracket



26 Mounting bracket for the electronics housing

- A Wall mounting
- B Pipe mounting

For the "Sensor remote" device version (see feature 060 of the product structure), the mounting bracket is part of the delivery. If required, it can also be ordered as an accessory (order code 71102216).

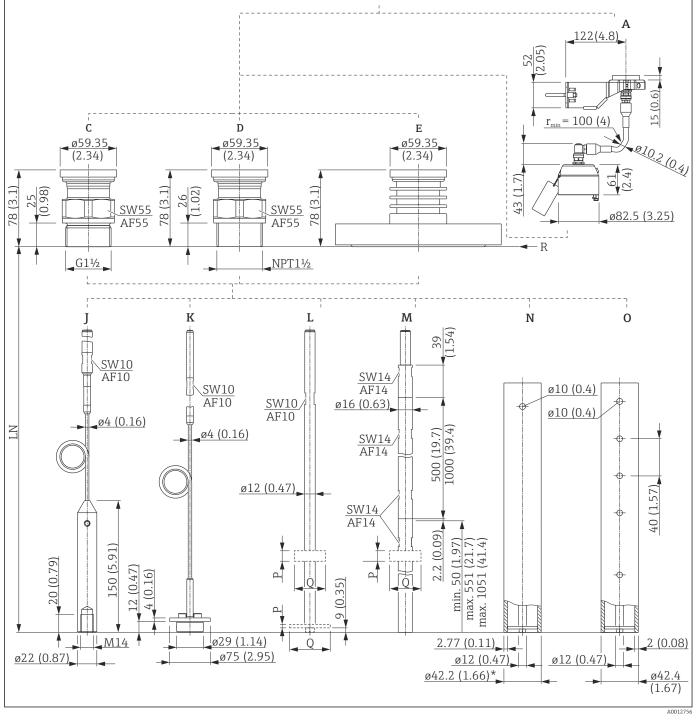
80

Α 122(4.8) $r_{\min} = 100 (4)$ 1010.2 (0.4) (2.4)В ø59.35 ø82.5 (3.25) (2.34)SW36 AF36 NPT¾ F Η G ø10 (0.4) SW7 SW7 AF7 AF7 AF7 ø4 (0.16) ø4 (0.16), ø8 (0.31) ø22 (0.87) 20 (0.79) 2 (0.08) ø29 (1.14) **▼**ø75 (2.95) <u></u> M14 8 (0.31) ø22 (0.87) A0012645

FMP51: Dimensions of process connection (G3/4,NPT3/4) and probe

FMP51: Process connection / probe. Unit of measurement mm (in)

- Mounting bracket for probe design "Sensor remote" (Feature 600) Thread ISO G3/4 or ANSI MNPT3/4 (Feature (100) Α
- В
- F Rope probe 4mm or 1/6" (Feature 060)
- Rope probe 4 mm or 1/6"; centering disk optional (Features 060 and 610)
- Rod probe 8mm or 1/3" (Feature 060) Н
- Coax probe (Feature 060)
- Length of probe LN
- Reference point of the measurement



FMP51: Dimensions of process connection (G1½,NPT1½,flange) and probe

FMP51: Process connection / probe. Unit of measurement mm (in)

- Α Mounting bracket for probe design "Sensor remote" (Feature 600)
- Thread ISO228 G1-1/2 (Feature 100) C
- Thread ANSI MNPT1-1/2 (Feature 100) D
- Flange ANSI B16.5, EN1092-1, JIS B2220 (Feature 100) Ε
- Rope probe 4mm or 1/6" (Feature 060)
- K
- Rope probe 4mm or 1/6"; centering disk optional (Features 060 and 610)
 Rod probe 12mm or 1/2"; centering disk optional, see table below (Features 060 and 610)
- Rod probe 16 mm or 0.63in, 20" or 40" divisible; centering disk optional, see table below (Feature 060 and Μ
- Coax probe; AlloyC (Feature 060) Ν

O Coax probe; 316L (Feature 060) LN Length of probe R Reference point of the measurement

| | P | Q | |
|------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| PEEK | 7 mm (0.28 in) | φ95 mm (3.74 in) | |
| PFA | 10 mm (0.39 in) | 37 mm (1.46 in) | |
| 316L | 4 mm (0.16 in) | Φ45 mm (1.77 in) | |
| | | φ75 mm (2.95 in) | |

 $r_{\min} = 100 (4)$ 010.2(0.4) ø82.5 (3.25) E В C D F ø90.89 ø59.8 ø59.8 ø63.9 (2.52)(2.35)(3.58)(2.35)(3.21) 81.55 (3.21) 81.5 (3.21) 82. ø16 ø16 (0.63) ø16 (0.63) ø16 (0.63) ø16 (0.63) (0.63)ø68.5 (2.7) ø50.42 (1.99) Ġ Η ø16 (0.63) ø16 (0.63) ø4 (0.16) ø37 (1.46) ø22 (0.87)

FMP52: Dimensions of process connection and probe

₹ 29 FMP52: Process connection / probe. Unit of measurement mm (in)

- Mounting bracket for probe design "Sensor remote" (Feature 600) Α
- *Tri-Clamp 1-1/2" (Feature 100)* В
- С
- Tri-Clamp 2" (Feature 100) Tri-Clamp 3" (Feature 100) D
- DIN 11851 (Dairy coupling) DN50 (Feature 100) Е
- F Flange ANSI B16.5, EN1092-1, JIS B2220 (Feature 100)
- Rod probe 16mm or 0.63 in , PFA>316L (Feature 060) G
- Н Rope probe 4mm or 1/6", PFA>316 (Feature 060)
- LN Length of probe
- Reference point of the measurement

Α 122(4.8) В C D E = 100 (4)316.6 (12.5) 277.9 (10.9 SW60 SW60 250.9 (9.88) AF60 AF60 ∞ ø82.5 ø90 ø90 ø90 ø90 (3.25)(3.54)(3.54) (3.54)(3.54)- R SW14 37 (1.46) SW14 SW14 SW14 AF14 (0.31)31 31 # AF14 AF14 AF14 0 0 9 ∞ M40x1 M40x1 M40x1 M40x1 F G Η Ι J ø16 (0.63), SW14 SW14 AF14 AF14 ø16 (0.63) SW14 .000 (39. AF14 ø4 (0.16) ø4 (0.16) SW14 SW14 AF14 AF14 SW14 (1.97)(0.00)(41.4)AF14 (0.79)50 20 min. 2 (0.08) Μ, ø29 (1.14) M14 ø16 (0.63) ø22 (0.87) ø75 (2.95) ø42.4 (1.67)

FMP54: Dimensions of process connection and probe

 \blacksquare 30 FMP54: Process connection / probe. Unit of measurement mm (in)

- A Mounting bracket for probe design "Sensor remote" (Feature 600)
- *B* Thread ISO228 G1-1/2 or ANSI MNPT1-1/2; XT 280 °C (Features 100 and 090)
- C Flange ANSI B16.5, EN1092-1, JIS B2220; XT 280 ℃ (Features 100 and 090)
- D Thread ISO228 G1-1/2 or ANSI MNPT1-1/2; HT 450 °C (Features 100 and 090)
- *E* Flange ANSI B16.5, EN1092-1, JIS B2220; HT 450°C (Features 100 and 090)
- F Rope probe 4mm or 1/6" (Feature 060)
- *G* Rope probe 4mm (1/6"), centering disk optional (Features 060 and 610)
- H Rod probe 16mm or 0.63in; centering disk optional, see table below (Features 060 and 610)
- I Rod probe 16mm or 0.63in; 20" or 40" divisible; centering disk optional, see table below (Feature 060 and 610)
- *J* Coax probe (Feature 060)
- LN Length of probe
- R Reference point of the measurement

| | L | M | |
|------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| PEEK | 7 mm (0.28 in) | φ95 mm (3.74 in) | |
| PFA | 10 mm (3.94 in) | 37 mm (1.46 in) | |
| 316L | 4 mm (0.16 in) | φ45 mm (1.77 in) | |
| | | φ75 mm (2.95 in) | |

Tolerance of probe length

| Rod and coax probes | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Over [m (ft)] | _ | 1 (3,3) | 3 (9,8) | 6 (20) |
| Up to [m (ft)] | 1 (3,3) | 3 (9,8) | 6 (20) | _ |
| Admissible tolerance [mm (in)] | -5 (-0,2) | -10 (-0,39) | -20 (-0,79) | -30 (-1,18) |

| Rope probes | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Over [m (ft)] - 1 (3,3) 3 (9,8) 6 (20) | | | | | |
| Up to [m (ft)] | 1 (3,3) | 3 (9,8) | 6 (20) | _ | |
| Admissible tolerance [mm (in)] | -10 (-0,39) | -20 (-0,79) | -30 (-1,18) | -40 (-1,57) | |

Surface roughness of AlloyCcoated flanges

 $Ra = 3.2 \mu m$; lower surface roughness levels are available on request.

This value is valid for flanges with "AlloyC>316/316L"; see product structure, feature 100 "Process connection". For other flanges the surface roughness matches the corresponding flange standard.

Shortening probes

If necessary, probes can be shortened. When doing so, the following must be observed:

Shortening rod probes

Rod probes must be shortened if the distance to the container floor or outlet cone is less than 10 mm (0.4 in). The rods of a rod probe are shortened by sawing at the bottom end.



Rod probes of FMP52 can **not** be shortened as they are coated.

Shortening rope probes

Rope probes must be shortened if the distance to the container floor or outlet cone is less than 150 mm (6 in).



Rope probes of FMP52 can **not** be shortened as they are coated.

Shortening coax probes

Coax probes must be shortened if the distance to the container floor or outlet cone is less than 10 mm (0.4 in).



Coax probes can be shortened max. 80 mm (3.2 in) from the end. They have centering units inside, which fix the rod centrally in the pipe. The centerings are held with borders on the rod. Shortening is possible up to approx. 10 mm (0.4 in) below the centering unit.

Weight

Housing

| Part | Weight | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Housing GT18 - stainless steel | approx. 4.5 kg | |
| Housing GT19 - plastic | approx. 1.2 kg | |
| Housing GT20 - aluminium | approx. 1.9 kg | |

FMP51 with threaded connection G3/4 or NPT3/4

| Part | Weight | Part | Weight |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Sensor | approx. 0.8 kg | Rod probe 8 mm | approx. 0.4 kg/m probe length |
| Rope probe 4 mm | approx. 0.,1 kg/m probe length | Coax probe | approx. 1.2 kg/m probe length |

FMP51 with threaded connection $G1\frac{1}{2}/NPT1\frac{1}{2}$ or flange

| Part | Weight | Part | Weight |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Sensor | approx. 1.2 kg + weight of flange | Rod probe 16 mm | approx. 1.1 kg/m probe length |
| Rope probe 4 mm | approx. 0.1 kg/m probe length | Coax probe | approx. 3.0 kg/m probe length |
| Rod probe 12 mm | approx. 0.9 kg/m probe length | | |

FMP52

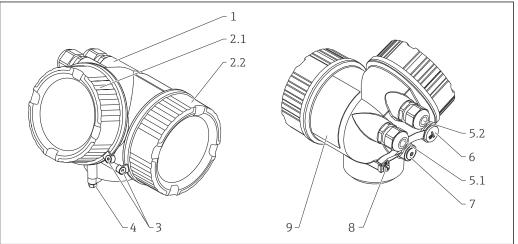
| Part | Weight | Part | Weight |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Sensor | approx. 1.2 kg + weight of flange | Rope probe 4 mm | approx. 0.5 kg/m probe length |
| | | Rod probe 16 mm | approx. 1.1 kg/m probe length |

FMP54

| Part | Weight | Part | Weight |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Sensor - version XT | approx. 6.7 kg + weight of flange | Rope probe 4 mm | approx. 0.1 kg/m probe length |
| Sensor - version HT | approx. 7.7 kg + weight of flange | Rod probe 16 mm | approx. 1.6 kg/m probe length |
| | | Coax probe | approx. 3.5 kg/m probe length |

88

Materials: GT18 housing

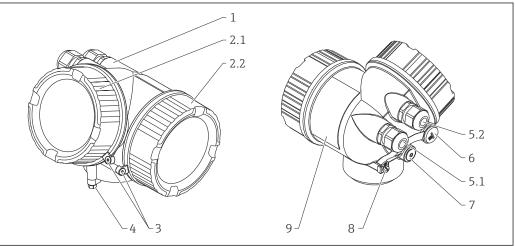


A0013788

| No. | Part | Material |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | Housing | 316L (CF-3M, 1.4404) |
| 2.1 | Cover of the electronics compartment | Cover: 316L (CF-3M, 1.4404) Window: glass Cover seal: EPDM Thread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 2.2 | Cover of the terminal compartment | Cover: 316L (CF-3M, 1.4404) Cover seal: EPDM Thread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 3 | Cover lock | Screw: A4Clamp: 316L (1.4404) |
| 4 | Lock at the housing neck | Screw: A4-70Clamp: 316L (1.4404) |
| 5.1 | Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug, depending on the device version: PE PBT-GF Cable gland: 316L (1.4404) or nickel-plated brass Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass ¹⁾ 7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) ²⁾ |
| 5.2 | Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug: 316L (1.4404) Cable gland: 316L (1.4404) or nickel-plated brass Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM |
| 6 | Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug: 316L (1.4404) M12 socket: 316L (1.4404) |
| 7 | Pressure relief stopper | 316L (1.4404) |
| 8 | Ground terminal | Screw: A4 Spring washer: A4 Clamp: 316L (1.4404) Holder: 316L (1.4404) |
| 9 | Nameplate | Plate: 316L (1.4404) Groove pin: A4 (1.4571) |

- For the version with M12 plug the sealing material is Viton. For the version with 7/8" plug, the sealing material is NBR. 1)
- 2)

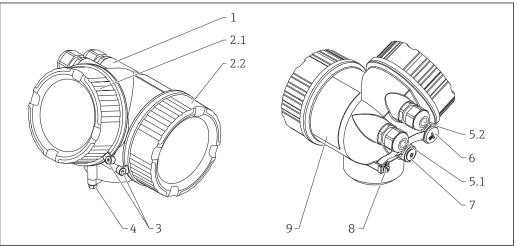
Materials: GT19 housing



| No. | Part | Material |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | Housing | PBT |
| 2.1 | Cover of the electronics compartment | Cover, depending on the device version: PA (see-through cover) PBT (non-transparent cover) Cover seal: EPDM Thread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 2.2 | Cover of the terminal compartment | Cover: PBTCover seal: EPDMThread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 4 | Lock at the housing neck | Screw: A4-70Clamp: 316L (1.4404) |
| 5.1 | Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug, depending on the device version: PE PBT-GF Cable gland, depending on the device version: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) PA Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass ¹⁾ 7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) ²⁾ |
| 5.2 | Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug, depending on the device version: PE PBT-GF Nickel-plated steel Cable gland, depending on the device version: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) PA Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM |
| 6 | Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)M12 socket: Nickel-plated GD-Zn |
| 7 | Pressure relief stopper | Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) |
| 8 | Ground terminal | Screw: A2 Spring washer: A4 Clamp: 304 (1.4301) Holder: 304 (1.4301) |
| 9 | Nameplate | Sticker |

- For the version with M12 plug the sealing material is Viton. For the version with $7/8"\,\text{plug}$, the sealing material is NBR. 1) 2)

Materials: GT20 housing



A0012789

| Nr. | Part | Material |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | Housing | Housing: AlSi10Mg(<0,1% Cu)Coating: Polyester |
| 2.1 | Cover of the electronics compartment | Cover: AlSi10Mg(<0,1% Cu) Window: Glass Cover seal: EPDM Thread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 2.2 | Cover of the terminal compartment | Cover: AlSi10Mg(<0,1% Cu) Cover seal: EPDM Thread-coating: Heat-curing lubricant varnish |
| 3 | Cover lock | Screw: A4Clamp: 316L (1.4404) |
| 4 | Lock at the housing neck | Screw: A4-70Clamp: 316L (1.4404) |
| 5.1 | Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug, depending on the device version: PE PBT-GF Cable gland, depending on the device version: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) PA Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass ¹⁾ 7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) ²⁾ |
| 5.2 | Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug, depending on the device version: PE PBT-GF Nickel-plated steel Cable gland, depending on the device version: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) PA Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435) Seal: EPDM |
| 6 | Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version) | Dummy plug: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) M12 socket: Nickel-plated GD-Zn |
| 7 | Pressure relief stopper | Nickel-plated brass (CuZn) |

| Nr. | Part | Material |
|-----|-----------------|---|
| 8 | Ground terminal | Screw: A2 Spring washer: A2 Clamp: 304 (1.4301) Holder: 304 (1.4301) |
| 9 | Nameplate | Sticker |

- For the version with M12 plug the sealing material is Viton. For the version with 7/8" plug, the sealing material is NBR. 1)

Materials: Process connection

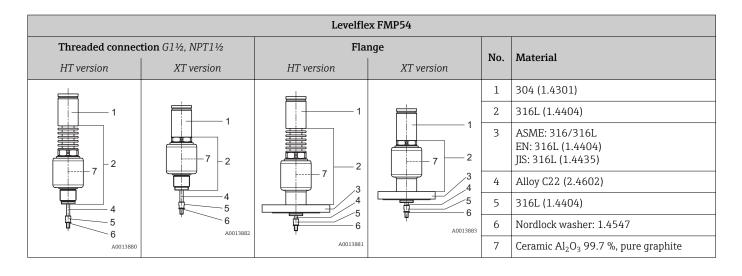


Endress+Hauser supplies DIN/EN flanges and threaded process connections made of stainless steel according to AISI 316L (DIN/EN material number 1.4404 or 1.4435). With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4404 and 1.4435 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.

| | Levelflex FMP51 | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| Th | readed connecti | ion | Flan | No. | Material | | | |
| G¾, NPT¾ | G1½ | NPT1½ | DN40DN200 | DN40DN100 | NO. | Material | | |
| | | | | | 1.1 | 316L (1.4404) | | |
| | | | | 1.2 | 1.2 | Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | |
| 1.1 | 1.1 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | ASME: 316/316L EN: 316L (1.4404) JIS: 316L (1.4435) | | |
| A0013850 | A0013852 | 3 A0013849 | 3 A0013854 | _3 _4 A0013910 | 3 | Ceramic Al ₂ O ₃ 99.7 % | | |
| | | | | | 4 | Cladding: Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | |

| Levelflex FMP52 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|----|-----------------|----------|-----|---|---------------|
| Flange | Dairy coupling | | Tri-Clamp | | | Material | Annuaral |
| EN/ASME/JIS | DN50 (DIN 11851) | 3" | 2" | 1½" | No. | Materiai | Approval |
| | | | | | 1 | 304 (1.4301) | |
| 2 | 1 3 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | ASME: 316/316L EN: 316L (1.4404) JIS: 316L (1.4435) | |
| | | | $\frac{3}{100}$ | 3 | 3 | 316L (1.4404) | |
| A0013865 | A0013865 A0013866 A0013867 A0013868 | | | A0013869 | 4 | Coating 2 mm (0.08 in): PTFE (Dyneon TFM1600) | USP Cl. VI 1) |
| | | | | | 5 | 304L (1.4307) | |

1) Plastic parts in contact with process have been tested according to USP <88> Class VI-70°C.



| | Levelflex FMP51 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Rope | Rope probe Rod probe | | orobe | | Coax probe | | | | | | | |
| Φ 4 mm (1/6") | Φ 4 mm (1/6") with centering disk | Φ 8 mm (1/3") | Φ 12.7 mm (1/2") AlloyC | Thread G3/4 | Thread G1-1/2 AlloyC | Thread G1-1/2 316L | No. | Material | | | | |
| İ | h | ħ | | 0 1.1 | 0 | | 1.1 | 316L (1.4404) | | | | |
| | 1.1 | ļ | | | | | 1.2 | Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | | | |
| 1.1 | l li | | | | 3 1.2 | | 2 | 316 (1.4401) | | | | |
| | | 1.1 | 1.2 | | | | 3 | 316L (1.4435) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ļģ | 4 | Set screw: A4-70 | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | 5 | Screw for tightening: A2-70 | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | Socket cap screw: A4-80 |
| | /1.1 | | | | | | | 7 | Disk: 316L (1.4404) | | | |
| | 6 | | | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 8 | Set screw: A4-70 | | | | |
| 5 | $-5 \begin{vmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{vmatrix}$ | | 10 | 9.1 | Rod: 316L (1.4404) | | | | | | | |
| A0013839 | A0013855 | A0013838 | A0013912 | A0013856 | A0013911 | | 9.2 | Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | | | |
| | A0013033 | A0013636 | A0013312 | A0013030 | A0013711 | A0017244 | 10 | Centering star: PFA | | | | |

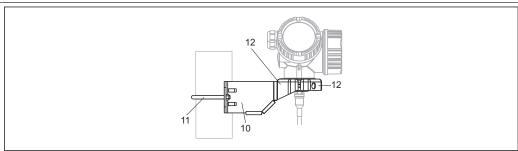
| | Levelflex FMP51 | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Rod p | orobe | | | | | |
| Φ 12 mm (1/2") 316L | Φ 16 mm (2/3") divisible | No. | Material | | | |
| | ф | 1 | 316L (1.4404) | | | |
| 1 | <u> </u> 1 | 3 | Connecting bolt: Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | | |
| # | 3 | | Nordlock washer: 1.4547 | | | |
| | | 11 | Hexagon head screw: A4-70 | | | |
| | | | Nordlock washer: 1.4547 | | | |
| | 1 | 12 | Centering star, PEEK | | | |
| | 3 | | Center washer, 316L (1.4404) | | | |
| 13 | 13 | 13 | Center washer, PFA | | | |
| 112 | 1 | | | | | |
| A0013860 | A0013861 | | | | | |

| | Levelflex FMP52 | | | | | |
|---|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Rod probe \$\Phi\$ 16 mm (2/3") coated | Rope probe \$\phi\$ 4 mm (1/6") coated | No. | Material | | | |
| h , | h . | 1 | 316L (1.4404) | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | Coating 2 mm (0.08 in): PFA (Daikin PFA AP230) | | | |
| | 2 | 3 | Rope: 316 (1.4401) | | | |
| | l fi | | Coating 0.75mm (0.03 in): PFA (Daikin PFA AP230) | | | |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | Core: 316L (1.4435) | | | |
| | | 5 | PFA (Daikin PFA AP230), centering star | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | |
| | 4 | | | | | |
| A0013870 | 2 A0013871 | | | | | |

| | | | Leve | lflex FMP54 | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------|-----|---|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Rope | probe | | | | | | | | |
| Φ 4 mm (1/6") | Φ 4 mm (1/6") with centering disk | Φ 16 mm (2/3") with centering disk | Φ 16 mm (2/3") divisible | Coax probe | No. | Material | | | |
| İ | <u> </u> | | ф | | 1.1 | 316L (1.4404) ¹⁾ | | | |
| | 1.1 | | Щ | φ -1.1 | 2 | 316 (1.4401) | | | |
| 1.1 | <u> </u> | | 9 | φ 1.1 | 3 | Connecting bolt: Alloy C22 (2.4602) | | | |
| | # | 1.1 | H 9 | | | Nordlock washer: 1.4547 | | | |
| | | | | Φ | 4 | Set screw: A4-70 | | | |
| | 2 | 13 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 5 | Screw for tightening: A2-70 | |
| 4 | | 12 | 13 | 9 | 6 | Socket cap screw: A4-80 | | | |
| 1.1 | /1.1 | <u> </u> | 9 | 9 | 9 | | 7 | Disk: 316L (1.4404) | |
| | / 6 | A0013885 | | | | 9 | φ | 8 | Set screw: A4-70 |
| 5 | 7 | | | | | | | 9 | Rod: 316L (1.4404) |
| A0013839 | 8 A0013855 | | A0013886 | A0013864 | 10 | Centering star: ceramic Al ₂ O ₃ 99.7 % | | | |
| | A0013033 | | | A0013004 | 11 | Hexagon head screw: A4-70 | | | |
| | | | | | | Nordlock washer: 1.4547 | | | |
| | | | | | 12 | Centering star, PEEK | | | |
| | | | | | | Center washer, 316L (1.4404) | | | |
| | | | | | 13 | Centering star, PFA | | | |

1) For probes with gas phase compensation this is also the material of the reference rod.

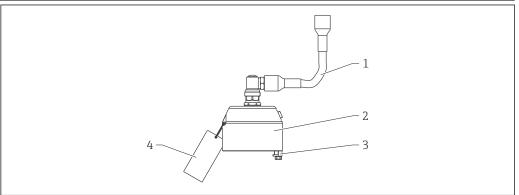
Materials: Mounting bracket



A0015143

| Mou | Mounting bracket for version "Sensor remote" | | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | No. Component Material | | | | | |
| 10 | Bracket | 316L (1.4404) | | | | |
| 11 | Bracket | 316Ti (1.4571) | | | | |
| | Screw/nuts | A4-70 | | | | |
| | Distance sleeves | 316Ti (1.4571) or 316L (1.4404) | | | | |
| 12 | Half-shells | 316L (1.4404) | | | | |

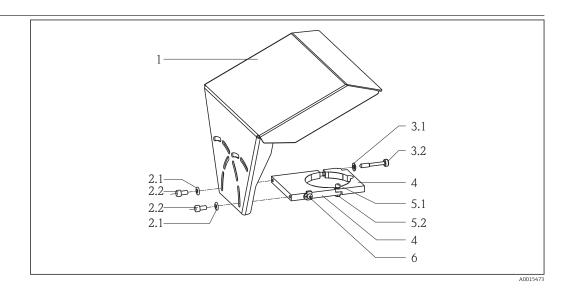
Materials: Adapter and cable for remote display



A002172

| Adapter and cable for version "Sensor remote" | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|--|--|
| Nr. | Component | Material | | |
| 1 | Cable | FRNC | | |
| 2 | Sensor adapter | 304 (1.4301) | | |
| 3 | Clamp | 316L (1.4404) | | |
| | Screw | A4-70 | | |
| 4 | Loop | 316 (1.4401) | | |
| | Crimp sleeve | Aluminum | | |
| | Nameplate | 304 (1.4301) | | |

Materials: Weather protection cover



| | Weather protection cover | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Nr. | Part: material | Nr. | Part: material | | |
| 1 | Protection cover: 304 (1.4301) | 4 | Bracket: 304 (1.4301) | | |
| 2.1 | Washer: A2 | 5.1 | Cheese head screw: A2-70 | | |
| 2.2 | Cheese head screw: A4-70 | 5.2 | Nut: A2 | | |
| 3.1 | Washer: A2 | 6 | Ground terminal Screw: A4 Spring washer: A4 Clamp: 316L (1.4404) Holder: 316L (1.4404) | | |
| 3.2 | Tightening screw: 304 (1.4301) | | | | |

Operability

Operating concept

Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks

- Commissioning
- Operation
- Diagnostics
- Expert level

Operatring languages

- English (contained in every device)
- One additional language as ordered (feature 500 of the product structure)

Quick and safe commissioning

- Guided menus ("Make-it-run" wizards) for applications
- Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions

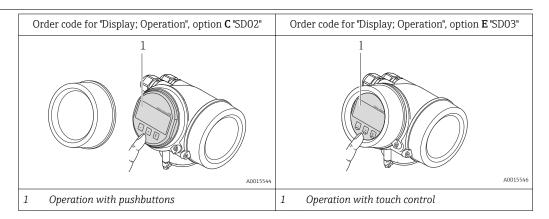
Reliable operation

- Standardized operation at the device and in the operating tools
- Data storage device (HistoROM) for process and measuring device data with event logbook available at all times - even if electronics modules are replaced

Efficient diagnostics increase measurement reliability

- Remedy information is integrated in plain text
- Diverse simulation options and line recorder functions

Local operation



Display elements

- 4-line display
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: white background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +70 °C (-4 to +158 °F)
 The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

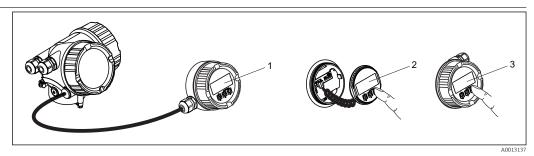
Operating elements

- In the case of order code "Display; Operation", Option **C**: local operation with 3 push buttons (⑤, ⑤, ⑥, ⑥)
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: external operation via touch control; 3 optical keys: ⑤, ⑥, ⑥
- Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas

Additional functionality

- Data backup function
 - The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function
 - The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function
 - The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

Operation with remote display and operating module FHX50

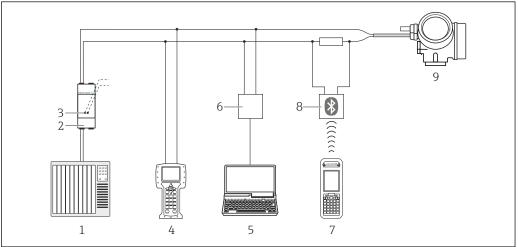


■ 31 *FHX50* operating options

- 1 Housing of the remote display and operating module FHX50
- 2 Display and operating module SD02, push buttons; cover must be removed
- 3 Display and operating module SD03, optical keys; can be operated through the glass of the cover

Remote operation

Via HART protocol

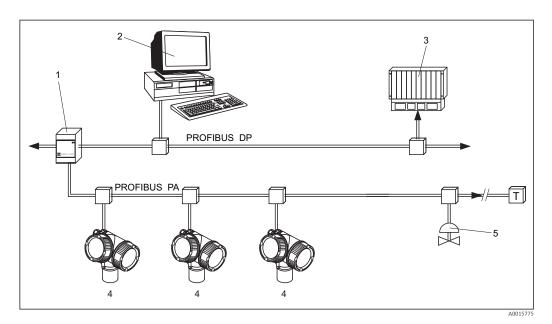


A001376

■ 32 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

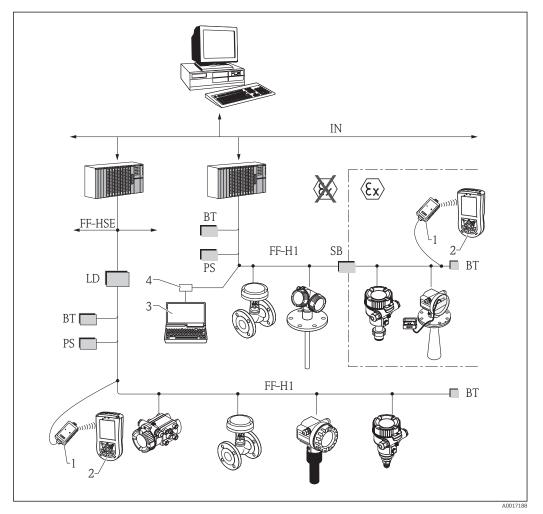
- 1 PLC (programmable logic controller)
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA191, FXA195 and Field Communicator 375, 475
- 4 Field Communicator 475
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 6 Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB)
- 7 Field Xpert SFX350/SFX370
- 8 VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
- 9 Transmitter

Via PROFIBUS PA protocol



- Segment coupler Computer with Profiboard/Proficard and operating tool (e.g. FieldCare) PLC (Progrommable Logic Controller) 1 2 3 4 5
- Transmitter
- Additional functions (valves etc.)

Via FOUNDATION Fieldbus

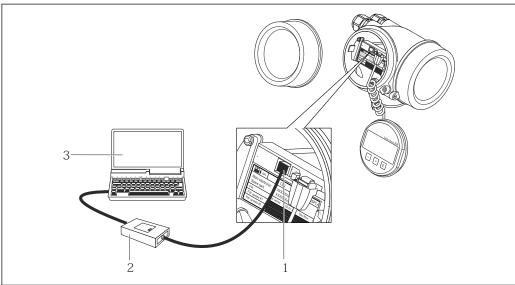


■ 33 FOUNDATION Fieldbus system architecture with associated components

- 1 FFblue Bluetooth modem
- 2 Field Xpert SFX350/SFX370
- 3 FieldCare
- 4 NI-FF interface card

| IN | Industrial network |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| FF-HSE | High Speed Ethernet |
| FF-H1 | FOUNDATION Fieldbus-H1 |
| LD | Linking Device FF-HSE/FF-H1 |
| PS | Bus Power Supply |
| SB | Safety Barrier |
| BT | Bus Terminator |

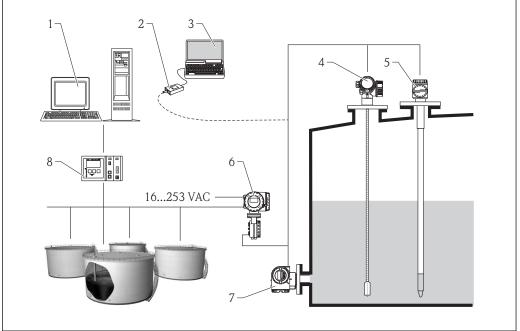
Via service interface (CDI)



- Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) Commubox FXA291
- Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool

Integration in tank gauging system

The Endress+Hauser Tank Side Monitor NRF590 provides integrated communications for sites with multiple tanks, each with one or more sensors on the tank, such as radar, spot or average temperature, capacitive probe for water detection and/or pressure sensors. Multiple protocols out of the Tank Side Monitor guarantee connectivity to nearly any of the existing industry standard tank gauging protocols. Optional connectivity of analog 4...20 mA sensors, digital I/O and analog output simplify full tank sensor integration. Use of the proven concept of the intrinsically safe HART bus for all on-tank sensors yields extremely low wiring costs, while at the same time providing maximum safety, reliability and data availability.



A001659

■ 34 The complete measuring system consists of:

- 1 Tankvision workstation
- 2 Commubox FXA195 (USB) optional
- 3 Computer with operating tool (ControlCare) optional
- 4 Level measuring device
- 5 Temperature measuring device
- 6 Tank Side Monitor NRF590
- 7 Pressure measuring device
- 8 Tankvision Tank Scanner NXA820

104

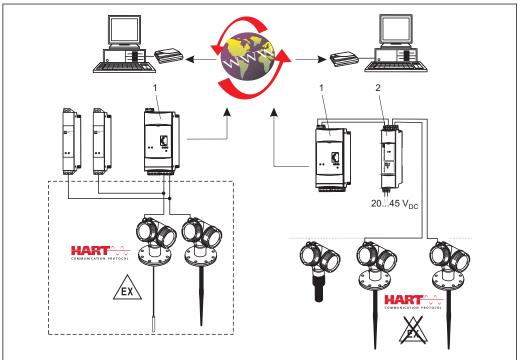
System integration via Fieldgate

Vendor Managed Inventory

By using Fieldgates to interrogate tank or silo levels remotely, suppliers of raw materials can provide their regular customers with information about the current supplies at any time and, for example, account for them in their own production planning. For their part, the Fieldgates monitor the configured level limits and, if required, automatically activate the next supply. The spectrum of options here ranges from a simple purchasing requisition via e-mail through to fully automatic order administration by coupling XML data into the planning systems on both sides.

Remote maintenance of measuring equipment

Fieldgates not only transfer the current measured values, they also alert the responsible standby personnel, if required, via e-mail or SMS. In the event of an alarm or also when performing routine checks, service technicians can diagnose and configure connected HART devices remotely. All that is required for this is the corresponding HART operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, ...) for the connected device. Fieldgate passes on the information transparently, so that all options for the respective operating software are available remotely. Some on-site service operations can be avoided by using remote diagnosis and remote configuration and all others can at least be better planned and prepared.



A0011278

■ 35 The complete measuring system consists of devices and:

- 1 Fieldgate FXA520
- 2 Multidrop Connector FXN520
- The number of instruments which can be connected in mutidrop mode can be calculated by the "FieldNetCalc" program. A description of this program can be found in Technical Information TI 400F (Multidrop Connector FXN520). The program is available form your Endress+Hauser sales organisation or in the internet at: www.de.endress.com/Download (text search = "Fieldnetcalc").

Certificates and approvals

CE mark

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied.

Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

C-Tick symbol

The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

Ex approval

The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.



The separate documentation "Safety Instructions" (XA) containing all the relevant explosion protection data is available from your Endress+Hauser Sales Center. Correlation of documentations to the device ($\rightarrow \blacksquare 126$).

Dual seal according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01

The devices have been designed according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 as dual seal devices, allowing the user to waive the use and save the cost of installing external secondary process seals in the conduit as required by the process sealing sections of ANSI/NFPA 70 (NEC) and CSA 22.1 (CEC). These instruments comply with the North-American installation practice and provide a very safe and cost-saving installation for pressurized applications with hazardous fluids.

Further information can be found in the Safety Instructions (XA) of the relevant devices.

Functional Safety

Used for level monitoring (MIN, MAX, range) up to SIL 3 (homogeneous redundancy), independently assessed by TÜV Rhineland as per IEC 61508. Other information see documentation SD00326F: "Functional Safety Manual".

Overfill prevention

WHG



Devices with WHG approval are supplied with software version 01.01.18. Any other devices are supplied with software version 01.02.xx.

Sanitary compatibility

The following table shows which device versions meet the requirements of 3A-Sanitary Standard No. 74 and are certified by the EHEDG.

| FMP52 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|----|-------|--|--|--|
| Feature | Option | 3A | EHEDG | | | |
| 060: Probe | CA Rod 16mm PFA>316L | ~ | V | | | |
| | CB Rod 0.63 in PFA>316L | V | ~ | | | |
| 100: Process connection | TAK Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2"), PTFE>316L | V | ~ | | | |
| | TLK Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3"), PTFE>316L | V | V | | | |
| | TNK Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN38 (1-1/2"), PTFE>316L | V | ~ | | | |

- Suitable fittings and seals must be used to ensure hygiene-compliant design according to the specifications of 3A and EHEDG.
- The gap-free connections can be cleaned without residue using the usual cleaning methods (CIP and SIP).
- Wetted non-metallic parts of the FMP52 conform to FDA 21 CFR 177.1550 and USP Class VI.

AD2000

For FMP51/FMP54:

The wetted material 316L (1.4435/1.4404) corresponds to AD2000 - W2/W10.

• For FMP52/FMP55:

The pressure retaining material 316L (1.4435/1.4404) corresponds to AD2000 - W2/W10.

• Declaration of conformity: see product structure, feature 580, option JF.

ASME B31.1 and B31.3

 The dimensions, materials of construction, pressure / temperature ratings and identification markings of the device comply with the requirements of AMSE B31.1 and ASME B31.3

• Declaration of conformity: see product structure, feature 580, option KV.

Pressure Equipment Directive

Conformity assessment was carried out as per Module A, the proof of statical stability and endurance strength as per EN 13445 and AD2000.



The FMP54 corresponds to the 97/23/EC Directive (Pressure Equipment Directive). It is a pressure accessory with a volume < 0.1 l, corresponding to Category I.

The FMP54 is not suitable for use with unstable gases at nominal pressures above $200\,$ bar $(2\,900\,$ psi).

Steam boiler approval

The FMP54 is approved as a limiting device for high water (HW) and low water (LW) for liquids in containers which are subject to the requirements of EN12952-11 and EN12953-9 (certified by TÜV Nord).

Product structure: Feature 590 "Additional Approval", option LX "Steam boiler approval".

For details refer to Safety Instructions SD00349F and Planning Recommendations SD01071F.



Device with steam boiler approval always have a SIL approval as well.

Marine certificate

- GL (Germanischer Lloyd)
- ABS (American Bureau of Shipping)
- LR (Lloyd's Register)
- DNV (Det Norske Veritas)
- BV (Bureau Veritas)



Only in connection with HART or PROFIBUS PA.

Telecommunications

Complies with part 15 of the FCC rules for an unintentional radiator. All probes meet the requirements for a Class A digital device.

In addition, all probes in metallic tanks as well as the coax probe meet the requirements for a Class B digital device.

CRN-Zulassung

Some device versions have a CRN approval. Devices are CRN approved if the following two conditions are met:

- The device has a CSA approval (Product structure: Feature 010 "Approval")
- The device has a CRN approved process connection according to the following table.

| Feature 010 of the product structure | Approval |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| AAJ | 2" 300/600lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ABJ | 3" 300/600lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AEJ | 1-1/2" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AEK | 1-1/2" 150lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AEM | 1-1/2" 150lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AFJ | 2" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AFK | 2" 150lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AFM | 2" 150lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AGJ | 3" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AGK | 3" 150lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |

| Feature 010 of the product structure | Approval |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| AGM | 3" 150lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| АНЈ | 4" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| АНК | 4" 150lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AJJ | 6" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AJK | 6" 150lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AKJ | 8" 150lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AOJ | 4" 600lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AQJ | 1-1/2" 300lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AQK | 1-1/2" 300lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AQM | 1-1/2" 300lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ARJ | 2" 300lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ARK | 2" 300lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ARM | 2" 300lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ASJ | 3" 300lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ASK | 3" 300lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ASM | 3" 300lbs, AlloyC>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ATJ | 4" 300lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| ATK | 4" 300lbs, PTFE>316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| AZJ | 4" 900lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| A6J | 2" 1500lbs RF, 316/316L Flansch ANSI B16.5 |
| A7J | 3" 1500lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| A8J | 4" 1500lbs RF, 316/316L flange ANSI B16.5 |
| GGJ | Thread ISO228 G1-1/2, 316L |
| GIJ | Thread ISO228 G1-1/2, 200bar, 316L |
| GJJ | Thread ISO228 G1-1/2, 400bar, 316L |
| RAJ | Thread ANSI MNPT1-1/2, 200bar, 316L |
| RBJ | Thread ANSI MNPT1-1/2, 400bar, 316L |
| RGJ | Thread ANSI MNPT1-1/2, 316L |
| TAK | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2"), 3A, PTFE>316L |
| TDK | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2"), PTFE>316L |
| TFK | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3"), PTFE>316L |
| ТЈК | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN38 (1-1/2"), PTFE>316L |
| TLK | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3"), 3A, PTFE>316L |
| TNK | Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN38 (1-1/2"), 3A, PTFE>316L |



- Process connections without CRN approval are not included in this table.
 Refer to the product structure to see which process connections are available for a specific device type.
 - CRN approved devices are marked with the registration number 0F14480.5 on the nameplate.

Track record

FMP5x is the upgrade model of the corresponding FMP4x series.

Other standards and guidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection by housing (IP code)

■ EN 61010-1

 $\label{lem:protection} Protection\ Measures\ for\ Electrical\ Equipment\ for\ Measurement,\ Control,\ Regulation\ and\ Laboratory\ Procedures.$

■ IEC/EN 61326

"Emission in accordance with Class A requirements". Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)

■ NAMUR NE 21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment.

■ NAMUR NE 43

Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.

■ NAMUR NE 53

Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics

■ NAMUR NE 107

Status classification as per NE107

■ NAMUR NE 131

Requirements for field devices for standard applications

■ IEC61508

 $Functional\ safety\ of\ electrical/electronic/programmable\ electronic\ safety-related\ systems$

Ordering information

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide

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Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

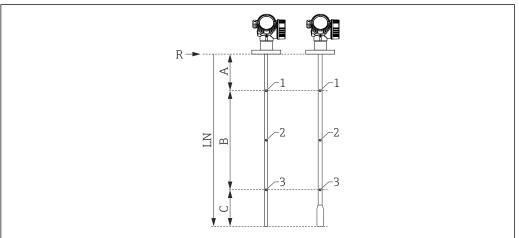
- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

3-point linearity protocol (in preparation)

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The following notes must be taken into account if option F3 ("3 point linearity protocol") has been selected in feature 550 ("Calibration").

Depending on the probe the 3 points of the linearity protocol are defined as follows:



A0021843

- A Distance from reference point R to first measuring point
- B Measuring range
- C Distance from end of probe to third measuring point
- LN Length of probe
- *R* Reference point of the measurement
- 1 First measuring point
- 2 Second measuring point (centrally between first and third measuring point)
- 3 Third measuring point

| | Rod or coax probe LN ≤ 6 m (20 ft) | Rod or coax probe LN > 6 m (20 ft) | Rope probe LN ≤ 6 m (20 ft) | Rope probe LN > 6 m (20 ft) |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Position of 1st measuring point | FMP51/FMP52/FMP54 withoput gas phase compensation/FMP55: A = 350 mm (13.8 in) FMP54 with gas phase compensation, L_{ref} = 300 mm (11 in): A = 600 mm (23.6 in) FMP54 with gas phase compensation, L_{ref} = 550 mm (21 in): A = 850 mm (33.5 in) | | A = 350 mm (13.8 in) | A = 350 mm (13.8 in) |
| Position of 2nd measuring point | centrally between 1st and 3rd measuring point | centrally between 1st and 3rd measuring point | centrally between 1st and 3rd measuring point | centrally between 1st and 3rd measuring point |
| Position of 3rd measuring point | C = 250 mm (9.84 in) | A+B = 5750 mm (226 in) | C = 500 mm (19.7 in) | A+B = 5 500 mm (217 in) |
| Minimum measuring range | B ≥ 400 mm (15.7 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (15.7 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (15.7 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (15.7 in) |
| Minimum length of probe | LN ≥ 1000 mm (39.4 in) | LN ≥ 1000 mm (39.4 in) | LN ≥ 1250 mm (49.2 in) | LN ≥ 1250 mm (49.2 in) |

The position of the measuring points may vary by ± 1 cm (± 0.04 in).



- For rod and rope probes the linearity check is performed with the complete device.
- For divisible rod probes a reference probe is used instead of the original one.
- For coax probes the electronics is mounted to a reference rod probe and the linearity check is performed to this configuration.
- The linearity is checked under reference conditions.

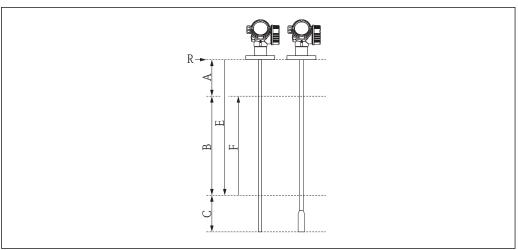
5-point linearity protocol

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The following notes must be taken into account if option F4 ("5 point linearity protocol") has been selected in feature 550 ("Calibration").

The five points of the linearity protocol are evenly distributed across the measuring range (0% to 100%). In order to define the measuring range, **Empty calibration** (E) and **Full calibration** (F) have to be specified $^{10)}$.

The following restrictions have to be taken into account when defining E and F:



A0014673

| Sensor | Minimum distance between reference point (R) and 100% level | Minimum measuring range |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| FMP51 | A ≥ 250 mm (10 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP51 Rope probe with center rod, max. 300 mm (12 in) nozzle height $^{\rm 1)}$ | A ≥ 350 mm (14 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP52 | A ≥ 250 mm (10 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP52 Rope probe with center rod, max. 300 mm (12 in) nozzle height ²⁾ | A ≥ 350 mm (14 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP54 w/o gas phase compensation | A ≥ 250 mm (10 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP54 with gas phase compensation, L_{ref} = 300 mm | A ≥ 450 mm (18 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |
| FMP54 with gas phase compensation, L_{ref} = 550 mm | A ≥ 700 mm (28 in) | B ≥ 400 mm (16 in) |

- 1) Product structure: Feature 060 "Probe", Option MB or MD
- 2) Product structure: Feature 060 "Probe", Option OB or OD

| Type of probe | Minimum distance from end of probe to 0% level | Maximum value for "empty calibration" |
|---------------|--|--|
| Rod 1) | C ≥ 100 mm (4 in) | E ≤ 3.9 m (12.8 ft) |
| Coax | C ≥ 100 mm (4 in) | E ≤ 5.9 m (19.4 ft) |
| Rope | C ≥ 1000 mm (40 in) | E ≤ 23 m (75 ft) |

1) also valid for divisible rod probes

¹⁰⁾ If E and F are not specified, probe dependent default values will be used instead.

- For rod and rope probes the linearity check is performed with the complete device.

 For coax probes the electronics is mounted to a reference rod probe and the linearity check is performed to this configuration.
 - The linearity is checked under reference conditions.
- The selected values of **Empty calibration** and **Full calibration** are only used to record the linearity protocol and are reset to their probe specific default values thereafter. If values different from the default are required, they must be ordered as a customized parametrization (→ 🖺 114).

Customized parametrization

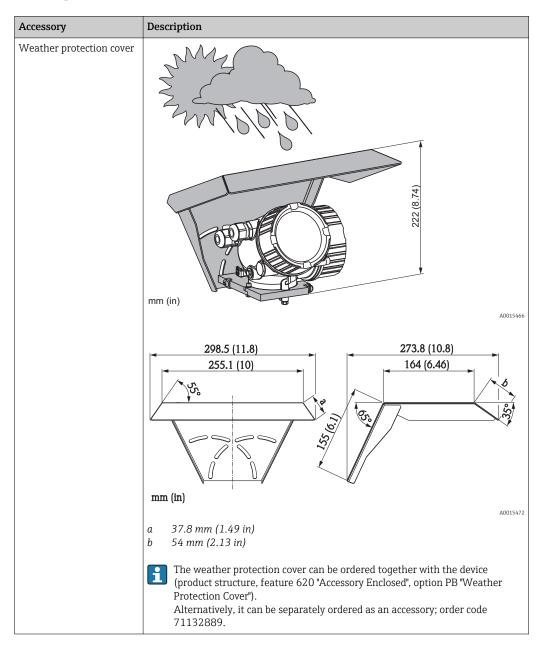
If the option IJ "Customized parametrization HART", IK "Customized parametrization PA" or IL "Customized parametrization FF" has been selected in feature 570 "Service", customer specific presettings can be selected for the following parameters:

| Parameter | Communication | Selection list / range of values |
|--|--|--|
| Setup → Distance unit | HARTPAFF | • in • mm |
| Setup → Empty calibration | HARTPAFF | 0 to 45 m (0 to 147 ft) |
| Setup → Full calibration | HARTPAFF | 0 to 45 m (0 to 147 ft) |
| Setup \rightarrow Adv. Setup \rightarrow Current output 1/2 \rightarrow Damping | HART | 0 to 999.9 s |
| Setup \rightarrow Adv. Setup \rightarrow Current output 1/2 \rightarrow Failure mode | HART | MinMaxLast valid value |
| Setup \rightarrow Adv. Setup \rightarrow Current output 1/2 \rightarrow Burst mode | HART | Off On |

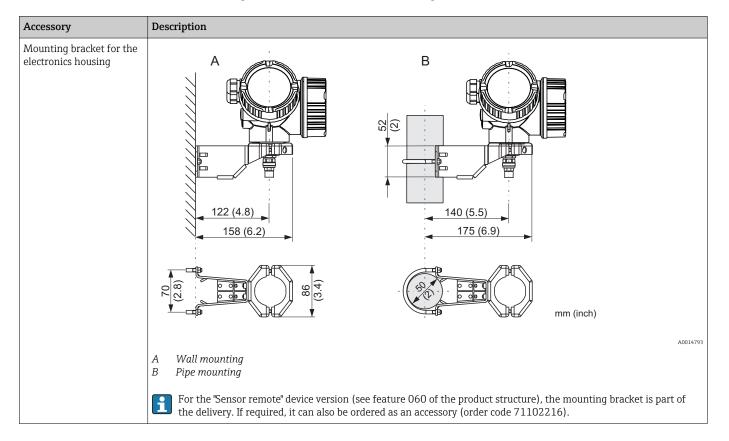
Accessories

Device-specific accessories

Weather protection cover



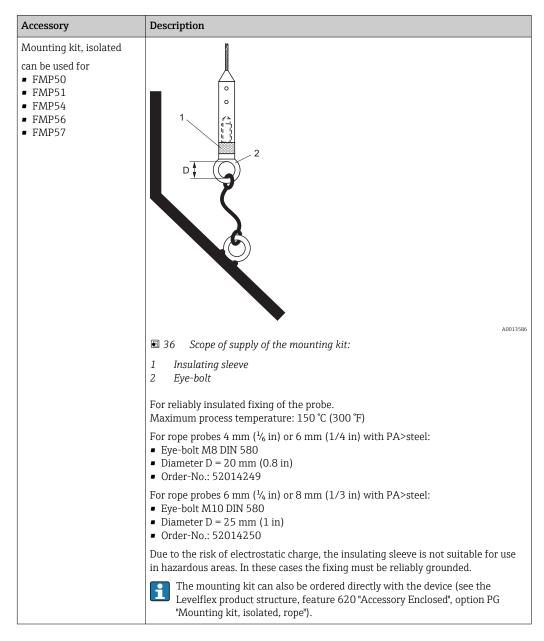
Mounting bracket for the electronics housing



Extension rod / centering HMP40

Accessory Description Extension rod / centering HMP40 can be used for: FMP54 Admissible temperature at lower nozzle edge: - without center washer: no limitation - with center washer: -40 to 150 ℃ (-40 to 302 °F) Additional information: SD01002F A0013597 Nozzle height 2 Extension rod 3 Center washer 010 Approval: A: Non-hazardous area M: FM DIP Cl.II Div.1 Gr.E-G N.I., zone 21,22 M Р P: CSA DIP Cl.II Div.1 Gr.G + coal dust N.I. S S: FM Cl.I, II, III Div.1 Gr.A-G N.I., zone 0,1,2,20,21,22 U U: CSA Cl.I, II, III Div.1 Gr.A-G N.I., zone 0,1,2 1 1: ATEX II 1G 2 2: ATEX II 1D 020 Extension rod; nozzle height: 115mm; 150-250mm / 6-10" 1 215mm; 250-350mm / 10-14" 3 315mm; 350-450mm / 14-18" 4 415mm; 450-550mm / 18-22" 9 Special version, TSP-no. to be spec. 030 Center washer: Not selected Α В DN40 / 1-1/2", inside-d. = 40-45mm, PPS С DN50 / 2", inside-d. = 50-57mm, PPS D DN80 / 3", inside-d. = 80-85mm, PPS DN80 / 3", inside-d. = 76-78mm, PPS G DN100 / 4", inside-d. = 100-110mm, PPS Η DN150 / 6", inside-d. = 152-164mm, PPS DN200 / 8", inside-d. = 210-215mm, PPS J Κ DN250 / 10", inside-d. = 253-269mm, PPS Special version, TSP-no. to be spec.

Mounting kit, isolated



Centering star

Accessory Description Centering star PEEK ϕ 48 to 95 mm 10 (0.39) (1.89 to 3.74 inch) can be used for FMP51 FMP54 50 (1.97 Ø 48 (1.89) Ø 95 (3.74 mm (in) The centering star is suitable for probes with a rod diameter of 16 mm (0.6 in) and can be used in pipes from DN40 ($1\frac{1}{2}$ ") up to DN100 (4"). Markings on the 4-leg centering star ensure a simple tailoring. Hence the centering star can be adapted to the pipe diameter. See also Operating Instructions BA377F. • Material of centering star: PEEK (statically dissipative) Material of retaining rings: PH15-7Mo (UNS S15700) ■ Admissible process temperature: -60 to +200 °C (-76 to +392 °F) • Order code: 71069064 If the centering star is inserted in a bypass, it must be positioned below the lower bypass outlet. This has to be accounted for when choosing the probe length. Generally, the centering star should not be mounted higher than 50 mm (1.97") from the probe end. It is recommended not to insert the PEEK centering star in the measuring range of the rod probe. The PEEK centering star can also be ordered directly with the device (see the Levelflex product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option OD). In this case it is not fastened by the retaining rings. Instead it is fixed to the end of the probe rod by a hexagonal headed bolt (A4-70) and a Nord-Lock washer (1.4547).

Accessory Description Centering star PFA ϕ 37 mm (1.46") can be used for (0.39)■ FMP51 ■ FMP52 10 A: ø16.4 (0.65) B: ø37 (1.46) ■ FMP54 mm (inch) A0014577 For 8mm (0.3 in) probes For 12 mm (0.47 in) and 16 mm (0.63 in) probes The centering star is suitable for probes with a rod diameter of 8 mm (0.31 in), 12 mm (0.47 in) and 16 mm (0.63 in) (also coated rod probes) and can be used in pipes from DN40 ($1\frac{1}{2}$ ") up to DN50 (2"). See also Operating Instructions BA378F. Material: PFA • Admissible process temperature: -200 to +200 $^{\circ}$ C (-328 to +392 $^{\circ}$ F) • Order code - Probe 8 mm (0.31 in): 71162453 - Probe 12 mm (0.47 in): 71157270 - Probe 16 mm (0.63 in): 71069065 The PFA centering star can also be ordered directly with the device (see the Levelflex product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option OE).

Remote display FHX50

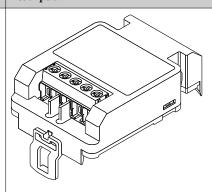
Description Accessory Remote display FHX50 A0019128 Material: - Plastics PBT - 316L Ingress protection: IP68 / NEMA 6P and IP66 / NEMA 4x • Suitable for the display modules: - SD02 (push buttons) - SD03 (touch control) Connection cable: Cable with M12 plug; supplied with the FHX50; up to 30 m (98 ft) - Customer supplied standard cable; up to 60 m (196 ft) ■ Ambient temperature: -40 to 80 °C (-40 to 176 °F) • If the remote display is to be used, the Levelflex must be ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50" (feature 030, option L or M). For the FHX50, on the other hand, the option A: "Prepared for display FHX50" has to be selected in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device". If a Levelflex has not been ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50", but is nevertheless to be equipped with an FHX50, it is essential to select the option B: "Not prepared for display FHX50" in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device" of the FHX50. In this case, a retrofit kit, needed to prepare the Levelflex for the remote display, is supplied together with the FHX50. For transmitters with approval, application of the FHX50 may be restricted. A device may only be retrofitted with the FHX50 if option L or M ("Prepared for FHX50") is quoted under Basic specifications, position 4 "Display, operation" in the associated Safety Instructions (XA). In addition to this, observe the Safety Instructions (XA) of the FHX50. Do not retrofit transmitters with: approval for use in areas with combustible dusts (Dust-Ex approval) type of protection Ex nA For details refer to the document SD01007F.

Overvoltage protection

Accessory

Overvoltage protection for 2-wire-devices OVP10 (1 channel) OVP20 (2 channel)

Description



A0021734

Technical data

- Resistance per channel: 2 * 0.5 Ω_{max}
- Threshold DC voltage: 400 to 700 V
- Threshold impulse voltage: < 800 V
- Capacitance at 1 MHz: < 1.5 pF
- Nominal arrest impulse voltage (8/20 μs): 10 kA
- Suited for wire cross-sections: 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG)

Ordering with device

Ordering with device

The overvoltage protection module is preferably ordered with the device. See product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection". Separate ordering of the module is only necessary if a device is to retrofitted with the overvoltage protection.

Order code for retrofitting

- For 1-channel devices (feature 020, option A) OVP10: 71128617
- For 2-channel devices (feature 020, option B, C, E or G) OVP20:71128619

Hosuing lid for retrofitting

In order to keep the necessary safety distances, the housing lid needs to be replaced if the device is retrofitted with the overvoltage protection. Depending on the housing type, the order code of the suitable lid is as follows:

- GT18 housing: Lid 71185516
- GT19 housing: Lid 71185518
- GT20 housing: Lid 71185516

Restrictions for retrofitting

Restrictions for retrofitting

Depending on the approval of the transmitter the usage of the OVP module may be restricted. A device may only be retrofitted with an OVP module if the option NA (overvoltage protection) is quoted unter Optional Specifications in the Safety Instructions (XA) pertaining to the device.

For details refer to SD01090F.

Communication-specific accessories

| Accessory | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Commubox FXA195 HART | For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details refer to Technical Information TI00404F |

| Accessory | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| Commubox FXA291 | Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a computer. For details refer to Technical Information TI00405C |

| Accessory | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| HART Loop Converter HMX50 | Evaluates the dynamic HART variables and converts them to analog current signals or limit values. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F |

| Accessory | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| WirelessHART Adapter SWA70 | Connects field devices to a WirelessHART network. The WirelessHART adapter can be mounted directly at a HART device and is easly integrated into an existing HART network. It ensures safe data transmission and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks. For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00061S |

| Accessory | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Fieldgate FXA320 | Gateway for remote monitoring of connected 4-20mA measuring devices via web browser. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S |

| Accessory | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Fieldgate FXA520 | Gateway for remote diagnosis and parametrization of connected HART measuring devices via web browser. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S |

| Accessory | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Field Xpert SFX350 | Field Xpert SFX350 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION fieldbus devices in the non-Ex area . |
| | For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S |

| Accessory | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| Field Xpert SFX370 | Field Xpert SFX370 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION fieldbus devices in the non-Ex area and the Ex area . |
| | For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S |

Service-specific accessories

| Accessory | Description |
|-----------|---|
| FieldCare | Endress+Hauser's FDT-based Plant Asset Management tool. Helps to configure and maintain all field devices of your plant. By supplying status information it also supports the diagnosis of the devices. For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S. |

System components

| Accessory | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Graphic Data Manager Memograph M | The graphic data manager Memograph M provides information on all the relevant process variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on an SD card or USB stick. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R |
| RN221N | Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA current circuits. Provides bi-directional HART transmission. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00073R and Operating Instructions BA00202R |
| RNS221 | Transmitter supply for 2-wire sensors or transmitters exclusively for non-Ex areas. Provides bi-directional communication using the HART communication sockets. |
| | For details refer to Technical Information TI00081R and Operating Instructions KA00110R |

Documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

Standard documentation

Levelflex FMP51, FMP52, FMP54

Correlation of documentations to the device:

| Device | Power supply, output | Communication | Document type | Document code |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| FMP51, | A, B, C, K, L | HART | Technical Information | TI01001F |
| FMP52, FMP54 | | | Operating Instructions | BA01001F |
| | | | Brief Operating Instructions | KA01077F |
| | | | Description of Device Parameters | GP01000F |
| | G | PROFIBUS PA | Technical Information | TI01001F |
| | | | Operating Instructions | BA01006F |
| | | | Brief Operating Instructions | KA01079F |
| | | | Description of Device Parameters | GP01001F |
| | Е | FOUNDATION Fieldbus | Technical Information | TI01001F |
| | | | Operating Instructions | BA01052F |
| | | | Brief Operating Instructions | KA01107F |
| | | | Description of Device Parameters | GP01015F |

Supplementary documentation

| Device | Document type | Document code |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Fieldgate FXA520 | Technical Information | TI369F |
| Tank Side Monitor NRF590 | Technical Information | TI402F |
| | Operating Instructions | BA256F |
| | Description of Device Parameters | BA257F |

| Description | Document type | Document code |
|---|-----------------------|---------------|
| Continuous level measurement in liquids and bulk solids Selection and engineering guide for the process industry | Competence brochure | CP00023F |
| Planning instructions for steam boiler approval For Levelflex M FMP45 and Levelflex FMP54 | Special documentation | SD01071F |

Safety documentation

Safety Instructions (XA)

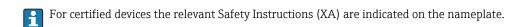
Depending on the approval, the following Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

| Feature 010 | Approval | Available for | Feature 020: "Power Supply; Output" | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | | | A 1) | B ²⁾ | C ³⁾ | E ⁴⁾ /G ⁵⁾ | K 6)/L 7) |
| ВА | ATEX II 1G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00496F | XA01125F | XA01126F | XA00516F | - |
| ВВ | ATEX II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00496F | XA01125F | XA01126F | XA00516F | - |
| ВС | ATEX II 1/2G Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00499F | XA00499F | XA00499F | XA00519F | XA01133F |
| BD | ATEX II 1/3G Ex ic[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00497F | XA01127F | XA01128F | XA00517F | XA01129F |
| BE | ATEX II 1D Ex t IIIC Da | FMP54 | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00521F | XA00501F |
| BF | ATEX II 1/2D Ex t IIIC Da/Db | FMP54 | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00521F | XA00501F |
| BG | ATEX II 3G Ex nA IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00498F | XA01130F | XA01131F | XA00518F | XA01132F |
| ВН | ATEX II 3G Ex ic IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00498F | XA01130F | XA01131F | XA00518F | XA01132F |
| BL | ATEX II 1/3G Ex nA[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00497F | XA01127F | XA01128F | XA00517F | XA01129F |
| B2 | ATEX II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb, 1/2D Ex ia IIIC Da/Db | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00502F | XA00502F | XA00502F | XA00522F | - |
| В3 | ATEX II 1/2G Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, 1/2 D Ex t IIIC Da/Db | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00503F | XA00503F | XA00503F | XA00523F | XA01136F |
| B4 | ATEX II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb, Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00500F | XA01134F | XA01135F | XA00520F | - |
| CD | CSA C/US DIP Cl.II,III Div.1 Gr.E-G | FMP54 | XA00529F | XA00529F | XA00529F | XA00570F | XA00529F |
| C2 | CSA C/US IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, NI Cl.1 Div.2, Ex ia | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00530F | XA00530F | XA00530F | XA00571F | XA00530F |
| C3 | CSA C/US XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, NI Cl.1 Div.2, Ex d | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00529F | XA00529F | XA00529F | XA00570F | XA00529F |
| FB | FM IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, AEx ia, NI Cl.1 Div.2 | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00531F | XA00531F | XA00531F | XA00573F | XA00531F |
| FD | FM XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, AEx d, NI Cl.1 Div.2 | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00532F | XA00532F | XA00532F | XA00572F | XA00532F |
| FE | FM DIP Cl.II,III Div.1 Gr.E-G | FMP54 | XA00532F | XA00532F | XA00532F | XA00572F | XA00532F |
| IA | IEC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00496F | XA01125F | XA01126F | XA00516F | - |

| Feature 010 Approval Available for Feature 020: "Pos | | : "Power Sup | ower Supply; Output" | | | | |
|--|---|---|----------------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | A 1) | B 2) | C ₃₎ | E ⁴⁾ /G ⁵⁾ | K ⁶⁾ /L ⁷⁾ |
| IB | IEC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00496F | XA01125F | XA01126F | XA00516F | - |
| IC | IEC Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00499F | XA00499F | XA00499F | XA00519F | XA01133F |
| ID | IEC Ex ic[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00497F | XA01127F | XA01128F | XA00517F | XA01129F |
| IE | IEC Ex t IIIC Da | FMP54 | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00521F | XA00501F |
| IF | IEC Ex t IIIC Da/Db | FMP54 | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00501F | XA00521F | XA00501F |
| IG | IEC Ex nA IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00498F | XA01130F | XA01131F | XA00518F | XA01132F |
| ΙΗ | IEC Ex ic IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00498F | XA01130F | XA01131F | XA00518F | XA01132F |
| IL | IEC Ex nA[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00497F | XA01127F | XA01128F | XA00517F | XA01129F |
| I2 | IEC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb, Ex ia IIIC Da/Db | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00502F | XA00502F | XA00502F | XA00522F | - |
| I3 | IEC Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, Ex t IIIC Da/Db | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00503F | XA00503F | XA00503F | XA00523F | XA01136F |
| KA | KC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA01169F | - | XA01169F | - | - |
| КВ | KC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA01169F | - | XA01169F | - | - |
| КС | KC Ex d[ia] IIC T6 | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | - | - | XA01170F | - | - |
| MA | INMETRO Ex ia IIC T6 Ga | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA01038F | XA01038F | XA01038F | - | XA01038F |
| MC | INMETRO Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA01041F | XA01041F | XA01041F | - | XA01041F |
| ME | INMETRO Ex t IIIC Da | FMP54 | XA01043F | XA01043F | XA01043F | - | XA01043F |
| МН | INMETRO Ex ic IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA01040F | XA01040F | XA01040F | - | XA01040F |
| NA | NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00634F | XA00634F | XA00634F | XA00640F | XA00634F |
| NB | NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00634F | XA00634F | XA00634F | XA00640F | XA00634F |
| NC | NEPSI Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00636F | XA00636F | XA00636F | XA00642F | XA00636F |
| NF | NEPSI DIP A20/21 T8590oC IP66 | FMP54 | XA00637F | XA00637F | XA00637F | XA00643F | XA00637F |

| Feature 010 | Approval | Available for | Feature 020: "Power Supply; Output" | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | A 1) | B ²⁾ | C ₃₎ | E ⁴⁾ /G ⁵⁾ | K ⁶⁾ /L ⁷⁾ |
| NG | NEPSI Ex nA II T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00635F | XA00635F | XA00635F | XA00641F | XA00635F |
| NH | NEPSI Ex ic IIC T6 Gc | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00635F | XA00635F | XA00635F | XA00641F | XA00635F |
| N2 | NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb, Ex iaD 20/21 T8590°C | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00638F | XA00638F | XA00638F | XA00644F | XA00638F |
| N3 | NEPSI Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, DIP A20/21 T8590°C IP66 | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00639F | XA00639F | XA00639F | XA00645F | XA00639F |
| 8A | FM/CSA IS+XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G | FMP51FMP52FMP54 | XA00531F XA00532F | XA00531F XA00532F | XA00531F XA00532F | XA00572F XA00573F | |

- A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART 1)
- B: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA 2)
- 3)
- 4) E: 2-wire; FOUNDATION Fieldbus, switch output
- 5) G: 2-wire; PROFIBUS PA, switch output
- 6) K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART
- L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART



Ex-marking in case of connected FHX50 remote display

If the device is prepared for the remote display FHX50 (product structure: feature 030: Display, Operation", option L or M), the Ex marking of some certificates changes according to the following table $^{11)}$:

| Feature 010 ("Approval") | Feature 030 ("Display, Operation") | Ex-marking |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| BE | L or M | ATEX II 1D Ex ta [ia] IIIC T ₅₀₀ xx°C Da |
| BF | L or M | ATEX II 1/2 D Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db |
| BG | L or M | ATEX II 3G Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc |
| ВН | L or M | ATEX II 3G Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc |
| B3 | L or M | ATEX II 1/2G Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, ATEX II 1/2D Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db |
| IE | L or M | IECEx Ex ta [ia] IIIC T500 xx°C Da |
| IF | L or M | IECEx ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db |
| IG | L or M | IECEx Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc |
| IH | L or M | IECEx Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc |
| 13 | L or M | IECEx Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, IECEx Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db |

¹¹⁾ The marking of certificates not mentioned in this table are not affected by the FHX50.

Registered trademarks

HART®

Registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation, Austin, USA

PROFIBUS[®]

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS User Organization, Karlsruhe, Germany

FOUNDATIONTM Fieldbus

Registered trademark of the Fieldbus Foundation, Austin, Texas, USA

KALREZ®, VITON®

Registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, USA

TEFI.ON

Registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, USA

TRI CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Alfa Laval Inc., Kenosha, USA

Patents

This product may be protected by at least one of the following patents. Further patents are pending.

| US Patents | EP Patents |
|------------|------------|
| 5.827.985 | |
| 5.884.231 | |
| 5.973.637 | |
| 6.087.978 | 955 527 |
| 6.140.940 | |
| 6.481.276 | |
| 6.512.358 | 1 301 914 |
| 6.559.657 | 1 020 735 |
| 6.640.628 | |
| 6.691.570 | |
| 6.847.214 | |
| 7.441.454 | |
| 7.477.059 | |
| | 1 389 337 |
| 7.965.087 | |

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