

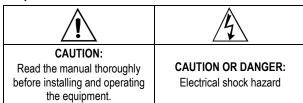
## **N1030T Controller**

#### TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER AND TIME - INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL - V1.0x C



#### **SAFETY ALERTS**

The symbols below are used on the equipment and throughout this document to draw the user's attention to important operational and safety information.



All safety related instructions that appear in the manual must be observed to ensure personal safety and to prevent damage to either the instrument or the system. If the instrument is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

## INSTALLATION / CONECTIONS

The controller must be fastened on a panel, following the sequence of steps described below:

- Prepare a panel cut-out of 46 x 46 mm;
- Remove the mounting clamps from the controller;
- Insert the controller into the panel cut-out;
- Slide the mounting clamp from the rear to a firm grip at the panel.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE INSTALLATION

- All electrical connections are made to the screw terminals at the rear of the controller.
- To minimize the pick-up of electrical noise, the low voltage DC connections and the sensor input wiring should be routed away from high-current power conductors. If this is impractical, use shielded cables. In general, keep cable lengths to a minimum.
- All electronic instruments must be powered by a clean mains supply, proper for instrumentation.
- It is strongly recommended to apply RC'S FILTERS (noise suppressor) to contactor coils, solenoids, etc. In any application it is essential to consider what can happen when any part of the system fails. The controller features by themselves can not assure total protection.

#### **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**

Fig. 01 below shows the electrical terminals of the controller:

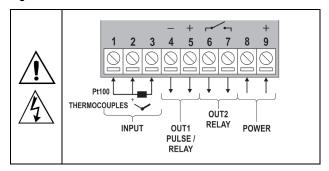


Fig. 01 - Connections of the back panel

## **FEATURES**

#### **INPUT SINGNAL (INPUT)**

The type of input to be used by the controller is defined in the equipment configuration. **Table 01** displays the input options available to the user, one of which must be selected during the controller configuration.

TYPE	CODE	ODE RANGE OF MEASUREMENT	
Termocouple <b>J</b>	Fc ]	Range: -110.0 a 950.0 °C (-166.0 a 1742 °F)	
Termocouple K	Ec P	Range: -150.0 a 1370 °C (-238.0 a 2498 °F)	
Termocouple <b>T</b>	tc t	Range: -160.0 a 400.0 °C (-256.0 a 752.0 °F)	
Pt100	PŁ	Range: -200.0 a 850.0 °C (-328.0 a 1562 °F)	

Table 01 - Input types

The temperature sensor used should be the first information passed onto the controller. A change in this parameter may imply automatic changes to many other parameters. The user must check the general condition of the configuration whenever an exchange of the sensor type is held.

#### **OUTPUTS**

The controller offers two output channels: OUT1 and OUT2. Their electrical characteristics are:

OUTPUT **OUT1** - Logical pulse, 5 Vdc / 25 mA or Output Relay SPST-NA / 1.5 A / 240 Vac

OUTPUT OUT2 - Output Relay SPST-NA / 1.5 A / 240 Vac

The output channels are user configurable as Control Output, Alarm Output or as Output Timers T1 or T2.

#### CONTROL OUTPUT (EL-L)

The process control output can operate in **ON/OFF** mode or in **PID** mode.

To operate in ON/OFF mode, the value defined in the parameter  $\emph{Pb}$  should be 0.0.

With values other than zero in the **Pb** parameter, the controller operates in the **PID** mode. The PID parameters can be automatically determined enabling the auto-tuning function (**Pbun**).

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#### ALARM OUTPUT (FL)

The controller has an alarm that can be configured to operate on any of the output channels. It can be configured to operate in one of the different functions as detailed in **Table 02**.

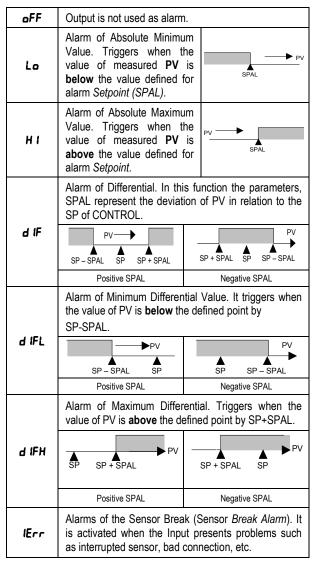


Table 02 – Alarm functions

#### **INITIAL BLOCKING OF ALARM**

The option to **block initial** alarms inhibits the alarms in the case that there is an alarm condition present on startup. The alarm will be enabled only after the occurrence of a non alarm condition.

Initial blocking is useful, for example, in the initialization of process control operations when the value of the PV is still far from the SP value. Hence the system waits for alarm situations and unwanted alarms are avoided.

The initial blocking is disabled for the sensor break alarm function  $\textit{\textit{1Err}}$ .

#### **RUN FUNCTION**

The **RUN** function, executed by the **RUN** parameter, works as a general key of the controller, enabling or not its operation.

When enabled to work (RUN = YES), the controller is free to perform all its functions. When disabled (RUN = NO), its outputs are switched off and only functions related to temperature measurement and indication continue to operate.

The RUN indicator on the controller front panel, when accessed, indicates that the control is enabled (RUN = YES).

The RUN function can be executed by the F key, which toggles the control condition between enabled and disabled.

The touch on **b** is long, i.e. > 2 seconds, to disregard quick accidental touches.

#### **OFFSET**

This parameter allows fine adjustments to the PV reading for compensation of sensor error. Offset allows measurements errors to be corrected when they occur, for example, after the substitution of a temperature sensor.

#### **TIMERS**

The controller has two timers, **T1** e **T2**, which together provide different modes of action. The timing period starts with T1 and, at the end of it, it starts **T2**.

Only **T1** has its time count displayed on the controller display.

With the ZERO value set for any of the timers, the actuation and sequence remains unchanged.

The timers can be associated with any controller output: **OUT1** or **OUT2**. The output associated with **T1**, switches on during the T1 timing period and the output associated with **T2** switches on during the **T2** timing period.

The A1 and A2 indicators light up during T1 and T2 timing periods, respectively.

At the end of T2, the A2 indicator flashes (\*).

If T2 = 0, at the end of T1, the A1 indicator flashes (\*).

(\*) the controller can be set to disable the control (RUN = OFF) at the end of the timing period and, in this case, the indicators are also cleared.

#### **TIMER START MODES**

There are two options to start the timing period:

- SP starts counting when the measured temperature value (PV) reaches the SP value set for the process.
- F starts the timing period by pressing the F key (short press < 1 s).

After starting the timing period, a new short touch on F ONLY stops the timing period (stops it and brings it back to zero).

When RUN= F, a LONG touch on F starts and controls the timing period.

A LONG touch on F ( > 2 s), disables the control.

The Timer Start mode is set in the **£.5£**r parameter in the controller Timing Cycle.

# TEMPERATURE CONTROL BEHAVIOR AT THE END OF THE TIMING PERIOD (T1+T2)

During the timing period of the T1 and T2 intervals, the temperature control has normal and independent operation. However, at the end of the T1 + T2 interval, it is possible to set the controller to disable the temperature control. The **LELD** parameter, in the controller Timing Cycle, allows the definition of the desired condition:

the temperature control continues to work as usual.

**oFF** the temperature control is disabled, turning the control output off.

#### **UP/DOWN TIMER COUNTING**

Both timers can be configured to display the counting in incrementing (UP) or decrementing (DOWN) modes. In UP mode, the counting starts at zero and counts up until the time setting is reached. In DOWN mode, the display starts showing the time setting and counts down to zero.

## TIME BASE OF THE TIMERS

The parameter **ŁbR5** at the end of the timing cycle defines the time base that will be used. The options are:

**5Ec** MM:SS. The intervals of T1 and T2 are presented in minutes and seconds.

fin HH:MM. The intervals of T1 and T2 are presented in hours and minutes.

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#### **OPERATION**

The controller's front panel, with its parts, can be seen in the Fig. 02:



Fig. 02 - Front panel

Display: Shows the measured variable, symbols of the configuration parameters and their values / conditions.

**TUNE Indicator**: Stays ON while the controller is in tuning process. **RUN Indicator**: Indicates that the controller is enabled to operate. OUT Indicator: Indicates the instantaneous state of the control

output.

**A1 Indicator**: Signalize the output state of T1. A2 Indicator: Signalize the output state of T2. A4 Indicator: Signalize the alarm state.

**Key**: Used to walk through the menu parameters.

values of the parameters.

▲ Increment key and 🔻 - Decrement key: Allow altering the

**G Key**: Key used to reverse parameters during setup and perform special functions.

#### **OPERATION**

When the controller is powered up, it displays its firmware version for 3 seconds, after which the controller starts normal operation. The value of PV and SP is then displayed and the outputs are enabled. It is in the lower display that the value of SP is displayed. This is the Indication Screen.

In order for the controller to operate properly in a process, its parameters need to be configured first, such that it can perform accordingly to the system requirements. The user must be aware of the importance of each parameter and for each one determine a valid condition.

The parameters are grouped in levels according to their functionality and operation easiness. The 5 levels of parameters are:

1 - Operation / 2 - Tuning / 3 - Timer / 4 - Input / 5 - Calibration

The P key is used for accessing the parameters within a level.

Keeping the P key pressed, at every 2 seconds the controller jumps to the next level of parameters, showing the first parameter of each level:

To enter a particular level, simply release the "P" key when the first parameter in that level is displayed. To walk through the parameters in a level, press the P key with short strokes. To go back to the previous parameter in a level, press Key.

Each parameter is displayed with its prompt in the upper display and value/condition in the lower display.

Depending on the level of parameter protection adopted, the parameter **PR55** precedes the first parameter in the level where the protection becomes active. See section Configuration Protection.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE PARAMETERS**

#### **OPERATION CYCLE**

PV + SP	<b>PV Indication Screen</b> . On the higher display (red) the value of the measured variable (PV) temperature is shown. On the lower display (green), the control setpoint (SP) is shown.		
PV + TM	<b>Display PV and current timer count.</b> The upper display (red) shows the measured temperature value (PV).		
	In the lower display (green) the current <b>T1</b> timer count is displayed. You cannot set this display.		
E I Timer 1	Set the <b>T1</b> time interval. From 00:00 to 99:59 (HH:MM or MM: SS).		
	Parameter showed in this cycle when defined in <b>EEn</b> .		
run Run	Display for enable or disable the controller's action on the process. It acts like a switch, turning the controller on or off.		
	<b>YE5</b> Enabled control		
	na Disabled control		
	<b>F</b> Enable/disable command via F key (*)		
	Parameter showed in this cycle when defined in <b>r.En</b> . (*) In RUN = F, when the controller is turned on or when it returns from a power failure, the control will be disabled (NO).		

#### **TUNING CYCLE**

Atun	AUTO-TUNE: Enables the auto-tuning function for the PID parameters ( <b>Pb</b> , <b>Ir</b> , <b>dL</b> ). Consult the chapter Determination of PID Parameters in this manual. <b>DFF</b> - Automatic tuning turned off. <b>FR5L</b> - Automatic tuning. <b>FULL</b> - More accurate automatic tuning.
РЬ	Proportional Band - Value of the term <b>P</b> of the control mode PID, in percentage of the maximum span of the input type.  Adjust between 0 and 500.0 %.
	When set to zero (0), control action is ON/OFF.
_	Integral Rate - Value of the term I of the PID algorithm,
i.	in repetitions per minute (Reset).
	Adjust between 0.00 and 24.00.
	Displayed only if proportional band $\neq$ 0.
dŁ	Derivative Time - Value of the term <b>D</b> of the control mode PID, in seconds. Adjust between 0 and 250 seconds.
	Displayed only if proportional band $\neq$ 0.
ĽŁ	Cycle time: Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) period in seconds. Adjustable between 0.5 and 100.0 seconds.
	Displayed only if proportional band ≠ 0.
HYSE	Control hysteresis: Is the hysteresis for ON/OFF control (set in temperature units. Adjustable between 0 and the bandwidth of measurement of the input type selected.

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RCŁ	Action Control:			
	rE	Control with <b>Reverse Action</b> . Appropriate for <b>heating</b> . Turns control output on when PV is below SP.		
	d Ir	Control with <b>Direct Action</b> . Appropriate for <b>cooling</b> . Turns control output on when PV is above SP.		
Out. 1	Assign OUT2:	functions to the Output channels OUT1 and		
	oFF	Not used		
	[tr	L Acts as a temperature controller		
0ut.2	RL Acts as Alarm Output			
	E I	Acts as T1 Timer output		
	F5	Acts as T2 Timer output		

## **TIMER CYCLE**

<b>L</b> I Timer 1	T1 time	e interval setting, 00:00 to 99:59 (MM:SS or ).		
<b>Ł I.E.n</b> Timer Enable	Allows the display of the <b>T1</b> parameter in the main (operating) cycle.			
	YE5	Shows T1 in the Operating cycle		
	0	Hides T1 from the Operating cycle.		
Łd ir	Countin	g direction of T1 timer:		
Timer Direction	uP	Up counting, starting from zero.		
	dп	Down counting.		
Ł.5Łr	Defines starting mode for <b>T1</b> timer.			
Timer Start	5P	<b>5P</b> Starts when PV reaches SP		
	F	The <b>F</b> key starts the timing period		
<b>L2</b> Timer 2	T2 time interval setting, 00:00 to 99:59 (MM:SS or HH:MM). This is the time interval where the output T2 remains on after the end of timer T1.			
Ł.E.C.o	Control output behavior after the interval T1 + T2.			
Timer End Control Off ?	0	Control output remains active.		
Comusi cir i	oFF	Turns the control off at end of the timing period.		
ŁbR5	Time base for the timers T1 and T2.			
time base	5Ec	Minutes and Seconds (MM:SS)		
	N in	Hours and Minutes (HH:MM)		

## **INPUT CYCLE**

<b>LYPE</b>	Input Type: connected to t				U	type	to	be
	J: <b>Ł</b>	:c J	-110 to	950 9	°C / -166	6 to 17	42 °	Ϋ́F
	K: <b>Ł</b>	:c Y	-150 to	1370	°C / -23	38 to 2	498	°F
	T: <b>Ł</b>	c Ł	-160 to	400 °	°C / -256	6 to 75	2°F	:
	Pt100: <b>F</b>	PE	-200 to	850 °	°C / -328	3 to 15	62 °	F
dPPo	Selects the decimal point position.							
שחי ב	Selects display indication for degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit:							
	L - Indicatio	n in Ce	elsius.					
	F - Indication in Fahrenheit.							
oFF5	Offset. Parameter that allows the user to make adjustments to the PV value indicated.							
5PLL	SP Low/High Limit. Defines the lower/upper limit for							
5PHL	SP adjustmen	ıt.						

FuAL	Function Alarm. Functions of Alarms. Defines the functions for the alarms among the options of the <b>Table 02</b> .
SPAL	Alarm SP: Value that defines the point of activation of the alarm outputs.
	For the alarms programmed with the functions of the type <b>Differential</b> , these parameters represent the deviations.
	For the <b>!Err</b> alarm function, this parameter has no meaning.
<b>BLAL</b>	Blocking Alarm. Initial Blocking of Alarms. <b>YE5</b> - Enables initial blocking  o - Inhibits initial blocking
HYRL	Hysteresis of Alarm. Defines the difference between the value of PV at witch the alarm is triggered and the value at witch it is turned off.

## **CALIBRATION CYCLE**

All types of input are calibrated in the factory. In case a recalibration is required; it shall be carried out by a specialized professional. In case this cycle is accidentally accessed, do not perform alteration in its parameters.

perioriii aite	eration in its parameters.
PR55	Password. Access Password Input. This parameter is presented before the protected cycles. See item Protection of Configuration.
CAL 16	Calibration. Enables the possibility for calibration of the indicator. When the calibration is not enabled, the related parameters are hidden.
InLE	Input Low Calibration. Enter the value corresponding to the low scale signal applied to the analog input.
InHE	Input High Calibration. Enter the value corresponding to the full scale signal applied to the analog input.
r5tr	Restore. Restores the factory calibration of the input, discarding all alterations made by the user.
PRS_C	Password Change. Allows defining a new access password, always different from zero.
Prot	Protection. Sets up the Level of Protection. See <b>Table 04</b> .
r. <b>E</b> n RUN Enable	Shows the parameter RUN (run) also in the Operation Cycle.
	YE5 Releases RUN for the operation cycle  Does not release RUN for the operation cycle
run Run	Display for enable or disable the controller's action on the process. It acts like a switch, turning the controller on or off.  #E5 Enabled control  Disabled control
	<b>F</b> Enable/disable command via F key (*)
	(*) In RUN = F, when the controller is turned on or when it returns from a power failure, the control will be disabled (NO).

## **CONFIGURATION PROTECTION**

The controller provides means for protecting the parameters configurations, not allowing modifications to the parameters values, avoiding tampering or improper manipulation. The parameter **Protection** (**Prot**), in the Calibration level, determines the protection strategy, limiting the access to particular levels, according to the table below.

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PROTECTION LEVEL	PROTECTION LEVELS		
1	Only the Calibration level is protected.		
2	Calibration and Input levels are protected.		
3	Calibration, Input, and Timers levels are protected.		
4	Calibration, Input, Timers and Tuning levels are protected.		
5	All levels are protected, including SP.		

Table 04 – Levels of Protection for the Configuration

#### **ACESS PASSWORD**

To access the Calibration cycle, an Access Password is requested. If entered correctly, it gives permission for changes in these cycles parameters configuration, including the Protection parameter (**Prat**).

The Access Password is defined by the user in the parameter *Password Change (PRSL)*, present in the Calibration Level. The factory default for the password code is 1111.

#### PROTECTION ACCESS PASSWORD

The protection system built into the controller blocks for 10 minutes the access to protected parameters after 5 consecutive incorrect attempts of guessing the correct password.

#### **MASTER PASSWORD**

The Master Password is intended for allowing the user to define a new password in the event of it being forgotten. The Master Password doesn't grant access to all parameters, only to the Password Change parameter (PRSC). After defining the new password, the protected parameters may be accessed (and modified) using this new password.

The master password is made up by the last three digits of the serial number of the controller **added** to the number 9000.

As an example, for the equipment with serial number  $07154\underline{321}$ , the master password is 9 3 2 1.

#### **DETERMINATION OF PID PARAMETERS**

During the process of determining automatically the PID parameters, the system is controlled in **ON/OFF** in the programmed Setpoint. The auto-tuning process may take several minutes to be completed, depending on the system. The steps for executing the PID auto-tuning are:

- Adjust the desired SP of the process.
- Enable auto-tuning at the parameter "#Lun", selecting FRSL or FULL.

The option **FASL** performs the tuning in the minimum possible time, while the option **FULL** gives priority to accuracy.

During automatic tuning the indicator TUNE remains lit on the faceplate of the controller. The user must wait for the tuning to be completed before using the controller.

During the execution of automatic tuning, PV oscillations can be introduced into the process around the *setpoint*.

If the tuning does not result in a satisfactory control, refer to **Table 05** for guidelines on how to correct the behavior of the process.

PARAMETER	VERIFIED PROBLEM	SOLUTION
Band Proportional	Slow answer	Decrease
Band Proportional	Great oscillation	Increase
Poto Integration	Slow answer	Increase
Rate Integration	Great oscillation	Decrease
Derivative Time	Slow answer or instability	Decrease
Delivative Time	Great oscillation	Increase

Table 05 - Guidance for manual adjustment of the PID parameters

#### **CONFIGURATION FACTORY**

#### **OPERATION CYCLE**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	PARAMETER FACTORY
PV + SP	PV Indication Screen.	0
PV + TM	Display PV and current timer count.	-
Ł١	Set the T1 time interval.	0.00
ՐԱՈ	Display for enable or disable the controller's action on the process.	no

#### **TUNING CYCLE**

Atun	Enables the auto-tuning function for the PID parameters ( <b>Pb</b> , <b>ir</b> , <b>dE</b> ).	oFF
РЬ	Proportional Band.	0.0
ır	Integral Rate.	0.00
dŁ	Derivative Time	0
[E	Cycle time PWM.	5.0
HYSŁ	Control hysteresis.	1
ACF	Action Control.	rE
Out. 1	Assign functions to the Output channels <b>OUT1</b> and <b>OUT2</b> .	oFF

## **TIMER CYCLE**

EI	T1 time interval setting.	0.00
£ l.En	Allows the display of the T1 parameter in the main (operating) cycle.	<b>YE</b> 5
Ed ir	Counting direction of <b>T1</b> timer.	UP
Ł5Łr	Defines starting mode for <b>T1</b> timer.	5P
F5	T2 time interval setting.	0:20
Ł.E.C.o	Control output behavior after the interval T1 + T2.	on
ŁbA5	Time base for the timers <b>T1</b> and <b>T2</b> .	5Ec

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#### INPUT CYCLE

<b>LYPE</b>	Input Type.	١
dP.Po	Selects the decimal point position.	0
un i E	Selects display indication for degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.	u
oFF5	Parameter that allows the user to make adjustments to the PV value indicated.	0
5PLL	Defines the lower/upper limit for	-110 / 950
SPHL	SP adjustment.	(limits do sensor J)
FuRL	Functions of Alarms.	oFF
SPAL	Alarm SP.	0
<b>BLAL</b>	Initial Blocking of Alarms.	٥
HYAL	Hysteresis of Alarm.	0

#### CICLO DE CALIBRAÇÃO

OIOLO DE ONEI	=.u. <del>y</del> •	
PRSS	Access Password Input.	0000
CAL 16	Enables the possibility for calibration of the indicator.	۵۲
inLE	Enter the value corresponding to the low scale signal applied to the analog input.	0000
inHE	Enter the value corresponding to the full scale signal applied to the analog input.	0000
r5Er	Restores the factory calibration of the input.	وم
PRS.C	Restores the factory calibration of the input.	0000
Prot	Sets up the Level of Protection.	1
r.En	Shows the parameter RUN (run) also in the Operation Cycle.	<b>YE</b> 5
LUN	Display for enable or disable the controller's action on the process.	وم

#### **MAINTENANCE**

#### PROBLEMS WITH THE CONTROLLER

Connection errors and inadequate programming are the most common errors found during the controller operation. A final revision may avoid loss of time and damages.

The controller displays some messages to help the user identify problems.

MESSAGE	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROBLEM
	Open input. No sensor or signal.
Err I Err6	Connection and/or configuration problems. Check the wiring and the configuration.

Other error messages may indicate hardware problems requiring maintenance service.

#### INPUT CALLIBRATION

All inputs are factory calibrated and recalibration should only be done by qualified personnel. If you are not familiar with these procedures do not attempt to calibrate this instrument. In the case that it is necessary to recalibrate an input proceed as described in the following steps:

- a) Set the type parameter according to the input **LYPE**.
- b) Configure the lower and upper limits of indication for the maximum span of the selected input type.
- c) Access the calibration level.
- d) Enter the password.
- e) Enable the calibration setting YES in the parameter **ERL 1b**.
- f) Using a function generator, apply to the input terminals a signal level close to the lower limit of the configured input range.
  With the aid of an electrical signals simulator, apply a signal level close the lower limit of the measuring range of the input, on the corresponding terminals.
- g) Access the parameter " InLc". With the keys and adjust the display reading such as to match the applied signal. Then press the P key
- h) Inject a signal that corresponds to a value a little lower than the upper limit of indication.
- i) Access the parameter "InHL". With the keys 📤 and 🔻, adjust the display reading such as to match the applied signal.

  Then press the P key until return to the Display PV screen.
- j) Validate the calibration performed.

**Note:** When checking the controller calibration with a Pt100 simulator, pay attention to the simulator minimum excitation current requirement, which may not be compatible with the 0.170 mA excitation current provided by the controller.

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SPECIFICATIONS					
<b>DIMENSION</b> :					
Approximate weight:60 g					
POWER SUPPLY:					
Standard Model100 to 240 Vac (±10 %), 50/60 Hz					
24 V Model:					
Maximum Consumption: 5 VA					
ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS:					
Operation Temperature: 0 to 50 °C					
Relative Humidity:80 % @ 30 °C					
For temperatures above 30 °C, reduce 3 % % for each °C					
Internal use; Category of installation II, Degree of pollution 2; altitude < 2000 meters					
$\mbox{INPUT:}$ Thermocouples $\mbox{\bf J};\mbox{\bf K};\mbox{\bf T}$ and $\mbox{\bf Pt100}$ (according of $\mbox{\bf Table 01})$					
Internal Resolution:32767 levels (15 bits)					
Resolution of Display:12000 levels (from -1999 up 9999)					
Rate of input reading:up 5 per second					
Accuracy:Thermocouples J, K, T: 0.25 % of the $span \pm 1$ °C (*)					
Pt100: 0.2 % of the span					
Input impedance:Pt100 and thermocouples: > 10 $M\Omega$					
Measurement of Pt100:3-wire type, ( $\alpha$ = 0.00385)					
With compensation for cable length. Excitation current of 0.170					
mA. Voltage pulse E Vde / 25 mA					
OUTPUTS: OUT1:Voltage pulse, 5 Vdc / 25 mARelay SPST; 1.5 A / 240 Vac / 30 Vdc					
OUT2:Relay SPST; 1.5 A / 240 Vac / 30 Vdc					
FRONT PANEL:IP65, Polycarbonate (PC) UL94 V-2					
ENCLOSURE: IP30, ABS+PC UL94 V-0					
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY: EN 61326-1:1997					
and EN 61326-1/A1:1998					
EMISSION: CISPR11/EN55011					
<b>IMMUNITY</b> : EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3, EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8 and EN61000-4-11					
<b>SAFETY</b> : EN61010-1:1993 and EN61010-1/A2:1995					
SPECIFIC CONNECTIONS FOR TYPE FORK TERMINALS;					
PROGRAMABLE CYCLE OF PWM: from 0.5 up 100 seconds;					
STARTS UP OPERATION: after 3 seconds connected to the power					
supply.					
CERTIFICATION: (© and c  us					
IDENTIFICATION					
N1030T - A - B					
A: Outputs Features					
PR: OUT1= Pulse / OUT2= Relay					
RR: OUT1= Relay / OUT2= Relay					
B: Power Supply electric					
(Blank):Model standard					
100~240 Vac / 48~240 Vdc; 50~60 Hz					
<b>24V</b> : Modelo 24V					
12~24 Vdc / 24 Vac					
WARRANTY					
WARRANTY					
The warranty conditions are on our website					

The warranty conditions are on our website <a href="https://www.novusautomation.com/warranty">www.novusautomation.com/warranty</a>.

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